



2CS3E Series

Dual-axis EtherCAT Closed Loop Stepper

Drive User Manual



For models 2CS3E-D503 & 2CS3E-D507

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UK & Ireland Official Distributor

Motion Control Products Ltd.

11-15 Francis Avenue, Bournemouth Dorset, UK, BH11 8NX Tel.: +44 (0)1202 599922 enquiries@motioncontrolproducts.com www.motioncontrolproducts.com



Notice

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- Thank you for purchasing Leadshine 2CS3E series products
- Please read this manual carefully before operating
- Please keep this manual appropriately



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Record of Revisions

	Manual Reversion	Data	Description of Release			
0	V1.0	05/23/2023	Initial Release			
	V1.1	08/25/2023	Add the description of STO function, refer to section 3.3.8			



Safety Precautions

Overall Notes Do not remove the housing with the drive powered on. Cables. Connectors and optional equipment. Please disconnect the power supply for at least 2 minutes and make sure the power indicator is off before wiring and checking. Even if the power is disconnected, voltage may remain inside the drive. Therefore, do not touch the power terminals while the power indicator is on. DANGER Please use the power supply specifications (number of phases.) that match the product. Voltage. Frequency. AC/DC). Be sure to connect the ground terminal of the driver (mounting surface) and motor to the ground pole. Do not damage or drag the cable, do not overstress the cable, do not hang heavy objects on the cable, or get caught in the cabinet door. Please do not disassemble the product yourself. Repair or modification. When the machine is connected to the machine and starts to operate make sure that the machine is ready for emergency stop. Do not touch the inside of the drive. The heat sink of the driver may be hot when the power is on or when the power is just cut off. The motor, etc. may be in a high temperature. Take safety measures such as installing a cover to prevent accidental touching by hands and parts (cables, etc.). Use double-insulated or reinforced insulation for control power. Do not use in places where water can be splashed. Corrosive environments. Do not use the product in the vicinity of flammable gases and combustible materials. Do not use damaged. Drivers and motors with missing parts. Please set up an emergency stop circuit externally to ensure that the power can be cut off and the operation can be stopped immediately in case of an abnormality. If the product is used under poor power conditions, install protection equipment (AC reactor, etc.) to ensure that the input power is supplied within the specified voltage variation range. Please use a noise filter to reduce the influence of electromagnetic interference. The driver and motor should be used in the specified combination.

Precautions for Storage and Transportation



- Please follow the Commands on the packaging for storage and do not overload the product.
 - Please place this product in the following environment:
 - \rightarrow No direct sunlight in the place.
 - \rightarrow Ambient temperature does not exceed the product specification.
 - \rightarrow Humidity does not exceed product specifications. Without condensation.
 - \rightarrow No corrosive gases. Place of flammable gas.
 - \rightarrow Dust. The place where there is less salt and metal powder.
 - \rightarrow No water. Oil. The place where the splash of medicine, etc. occurs.
 - \rightarrow Vibration or shock does not exceed product specifications.
 - \rightarrow No equipment generating strong magnetic fields in the vicinity.



Precautions for Installation



- Please install the drive in a cabinet that provides fire protection. Electrical protection in the control cabinet.
- Please install the driver and motor in a position with sufficient weight resistance.
- Please install this product in the following environment:
 - \rightarrow No direct sunlight in the place.
 - \rightarrow Ambient temperature does not exceed the product specification.
 - \rightarrow Humidity does not exceed product specifications. Without condensation.
 - \rightarrow No corrosive gases. Place of flammable gas.
 - \rightarrow Dust. Dust. The place where there is less salt and metal powder.
 - \rightarrow No water. Oil. The place where the splash of medicine, etc. occurs.
 - \rightarrow Vibration or shock does not exceed product specifications.
 - \rightarrow No equipment generating strong magnetic fields in the vicinity.
- Do not block the air inlet and exhaust ports, and do not allow foreign objects to enter the drive and motor.
- Do not step on the product or place heavy objects on the drive.
- Please install the driver in the specified direction.
- Make sure to keep the specified intervals between the inner surfaces of the drive control cabinet and other machines.

Precautions for Wiring

Do not pass the magnetic contactor in the wiring between the drive and the motor.



- Please connect the power terminal and motor terminal firmly.
- Keep a minimum distance of 10mm between the drive and the control cabinet or other equipment.
- Allow at least 30mm of wiring space above and below the driver.
- Signal cable. The encoder cable should be a twisted shielded cable with the shield grounded at both ends.
- The wiring length of the encoder is up to 20m.
- Reduce the frequency of power on/off as much as possible.

Precautions during operation



- To prevent accidents, perform a test run of the servo motor at no load (without the driver connected).
- When you install the machine and start operation, please set the user parameters in advance to match the machine.
- Positive limit (POT) during JOG operation and zero return operation. The signal of negative limit (NOT) is not valid.
- When using the motor on a vertical axis, please provide a safety device to avoid dropping the work-piece in case of alarm or over travel.
- When an alarm occurs, please reset it after investigating the cause and making sure it is safe.
- Do not use the brake of the holding motor for normal braking.

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1 Introduction

1.1 Product Introduction

The newly released 2CS3E series drives support CANopen over EtherCAT (CoE) control and CiA 402 operating modes including Profile Position (PP), Profile Velocity (PV), Homing (HM) and Cyclic Synchronous Position (CSP). The products can be matched with many brands of EtherCAT controller/PLC such as Beckhoff, Omron, Trio, Keneyce etc.

The 2CS3E series is highly reliable and affordable and performs excellently in many industrial applications such as solar equipment, textile, civil, robotics, power generation equipment, 3C, packaging...

1.2 Features

- No loss of step, No hunting, No torque reservation
- CANopen over EtherCAT (CoE) with full support of CiA402, 100Mbps full-duplex.
- Support operation modes: Profile Position, Profile Velocity, Cyclic Synchronous Position, Homing
- 2*4 configurable digital inputs, 2*2 optically isolated digital outputs include brake output
- Low noise and vibration, smooth motion
- 20-50VDC supply voltage for 2CS3E-D503 and 2CS3E-D507, max 7A output current
- USB port for parameters configuration
- Encoder resolution: 1000 / 2500 / 5000 line for NEMA11/17/23/24/ 34 CS motors
- Three 7-segment display velocity or slave ID or operation mode or error code
- Protections for over voltage, over current and position following error, encoder cable error, etc.

1.3 EtherCAT Compare with Step/Direction

1.3.1 Stronger anti-disturbance ability

Traditional step/direction transmission cables have lower reliability for the reason of EMC interference, whereas EtherCAT communication with shielded cables have stronger anti-interference ability, and inbuilt error detection. Limit and handling mechanisms can also bring more reliable transmission and longer communication distance.

1.3.2 Enhanced performance

EtherCAT is the fastest industrial Ethernet technology by and large, and it also synchronizes with nanosecond accuracy. This is a huge benefit for all applications in which target system is controlled or measured via the bus system.

1.3.3 Simple wiring and long communication distance

In step/direction control mode, the controller/PLC needs to connect with each drive to send control signals, which may lead to intensive signal cables and wiring complexity if many drives are required. While in EtherCAT applications, the controller/PLC just needs to connect with one of the drives and then line topology with others. Additionally, the EtherCAT communication allows longer distance up to 100 meters maximum.

1.3.4 Lower cost

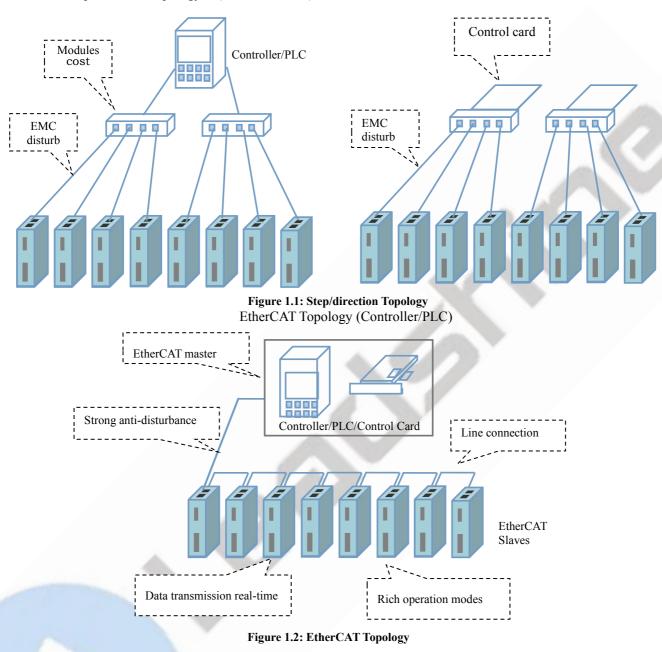
EtherCAT delivery has the features of industrial Ethernet at a price similar or even below that of traditional control mode. The only hardware required by the master device is an Ethernet port, instead of some expensive interface cards or co-processors. Since EtherCAT doesn't require high-speed pulse modules or other active infrastructure components, the costs for these components and their installation, configuration, and maintenance are also eliminated.



Their connection typologies are as below:

Step/direction Topology A (Controller/PLC)

Step/direction Topology B (Control Card)

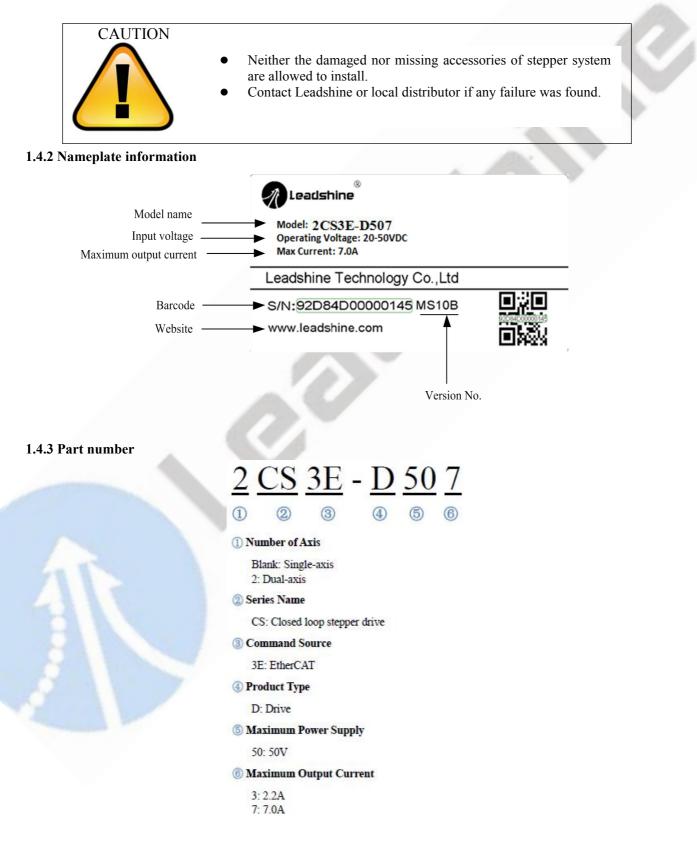




1.4 Check Product

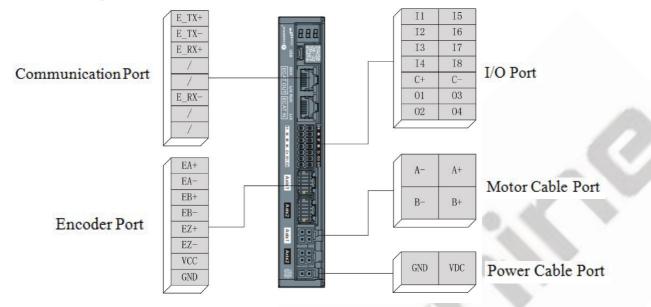
1.4.1 Arrival inspection

- Check whether the surface of the product is damaged or not during transportation.
- Check the nameplate models of the drive and motor are what you have ordered.
- Cheek if it is fully equipped with accessories. Accessories include power supply and motor output connector, control I/O signal connector.





1.4.4 Parts description



1.4.5 Accessories Information

Name	Necessary	Picture	Description	Need to cost extra
Power supply cable	Yes		Power supply cable with 1.5m length	No
Motor extension cable (CABLEM-RZ*M*)	Yes		Optional length: 1.5m,3m,5m,8m, 10m,12m,15m	Yes
Encoder extension cable (CABLEM-BM*M*)	Yes		Optional length: 1.5m, 3m, 5m,8m, 10m,12m,15m	Yes
I/O signal terminal	Yes		22-pin terminal	No
Tuning Cable	No, can use 3 rd party cable		Micro-USB cable	Yes
Network cable	Yes, can use 3 rd party cable		Optional length: 0.1m, 0.2m, 0.3m, 0.4m, 1m, 1.5m, 2m, 3m,5m,7m, 10m,15m, 20m	Yes

Note:

- Micro-USB cable is not necessary; you can also modify parameters by master station PC software.
- Network cable is necessary, but you can also buy shielded network cable through 3rd party.
- Power supply connector: <u>39012020, 39000038, Molex</u>
- Motor extension cable connector: <u>39012040</u>, <u>39000038</u>, <u>Molex</u>
- Motor encoder cable connector: <u>513531200, 561349000, Molex</u>



2 Installation

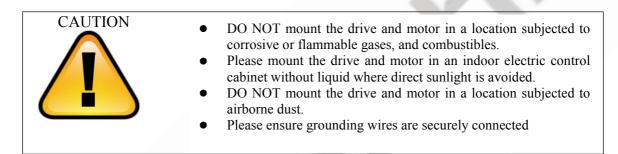
2.1 Storage and Installation Conditions

2.1.1 Storage condition

- Correctly packaged and store in a clean and dry environment where direct sunlight is avoided.
- Store within an ambient temperature ranging from -20° to $+65^{\circ}$.
- Store within a relative humidity ranging from 40% to 90% and non-condensed.
- Avoid any type of exposure to corrosive gases.

2.1.2 Operating ambience conditions

- Temperature ranging from 0°C to 50°C. The ambient temperature of drive for long-term reliability should be under 40°C. Please install the drive in a well-ventilated area.
- Operation within a relative humidity ranging from 40% to 90% and non-condensed.
- Vibration lower than 0.15mm at a frequency of 10Hz-55Hz.



2.2 Mechanical Specification

Unit: mm, 1inch=25.4mm

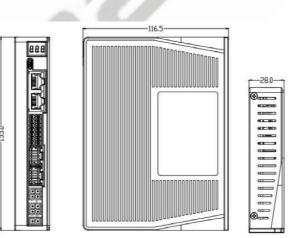


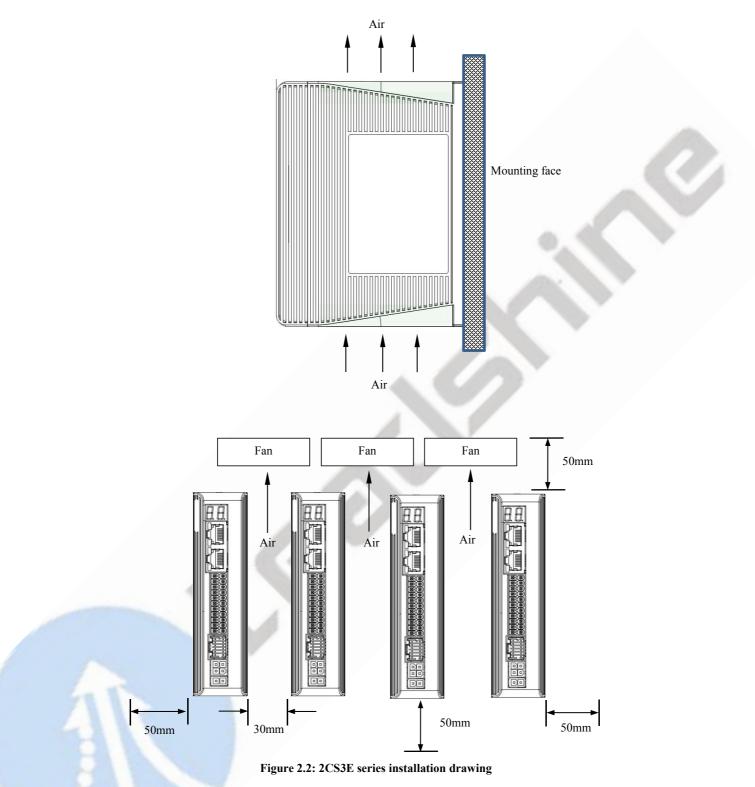
Figure 2.1: 2CS3E series mechanical drawing

2.3 Installation Direction and Space

- The mounting of drive, wiring and motor should be under the regulations of EN 61800-5-1.
- Incorrect installation may result in a drive malfunction or premature failure of the drive and /or motor. Please follow the guidelines in this manual when installing
- The drive should be mounted perpendicular to the wall or in the control panel.
- In order to ensure the drive is well ventilated, ensure that the all ventilation holes are not obstructed and sufficient free space is given to the drive, and a cooling fan is mounted in the control panel.



• Please ensure grounding wires are securely connected.





3 Production Specifications

3.1 Electrical and Operating Specifications

3.1.1 EtherCAT Specifications

Name	Description		
Physical Layer	Ethernet-100BASE-TX		
Communication Connector	RJ45*2 (shielded) ECAT IN: EtherCAT Input ECAT OUT: EtherCAT Output		
Topology	Line, Tree		
Baud Rate	100Mbps (full-duplex-channel)		
Frame Data Length	1484 bytes (Max)		
Synchronization ManagerSM0: email received (from master station to slave station)slave SM1: email sent (from slave station to master station) SM2: process data output (from master station to slave station) SM3: process data input (from slave station to master station)			
Supported Protocol	CoE: CANopen over EtherCAT		
Synchronization mode	DC Synchronization (SYNC0) Free Run		
Communication Event	SDO PDO EMCY		
Application Layer Specifications	IEC61800-7 CiA402 Drive Profile		
Supported Operation Mode	CSP: Cyclic Synchronous Position Mode PP: Profile Position Mode PV: Profile Velocity Mode HM: Homing Mode		
Cycle Time	250us, 500us, 750us, 1ms, 2ms, 3ms, 4ms, 5ms, 20ms		

3.1.2 Electrical and Operating Specifications

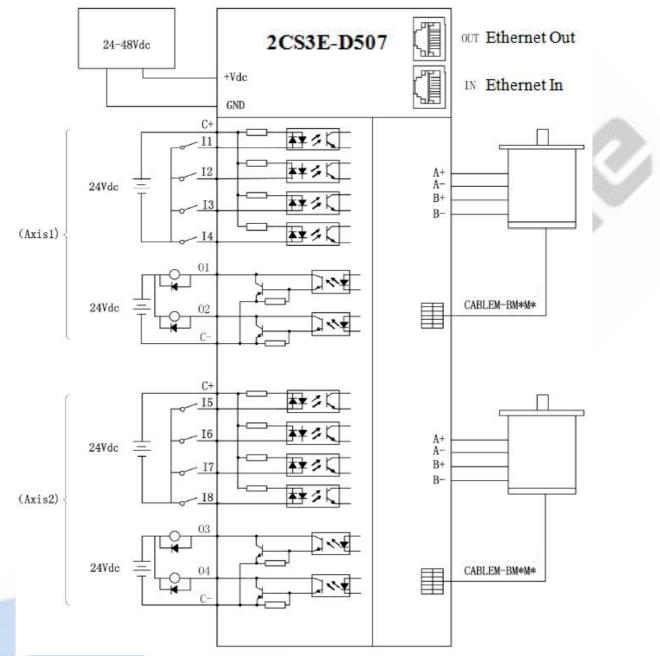
Name	2CS3E-D503	2CS3E-D507
Supply Voltage	20-50VDC	20-50VDC
Output Current (Peak)	0.5-2.2A	1.0-7.0A
Size (H*W*L mm)		155*116.5*28
Weight (kg)		0.65



	2CS3E Series	Dual-axis EtherCAT Closed Loop Stepper Drive User Manual
Matched Motor	NEMA 11, 14,	17 NEMA 17, 23, 24
Input Signals	Home Input, Positive	Limit, Negative Limit, Touch Probe, GPIOs
Output Signals	Brake, Alarm, In Posit	tion, GPIOs
Protection Functions	Over Current, Over Vo	oltage, Position Following Error, Encoder Cable Error, etc.
PC Software	Leadshine Motion Stu	dio (coming soon)
	Environment	Avoid dust, oil ,fog and corrosive gases
	Operating Temperature	0-50°C (32 F – 122 F)
Operating Environment	Storage Temperature	-20°C-65°C (-4 F − 149 F)
	Humidity	40-90%RH
	Vibration	10-55Hz/0.15mm
	Mount	Vertical or horizontal mounting



3.2 Wiring Instructions



Note:

- There are two EtherCAT communication ports above, one of them is input port which connects with master station or previous slave, and the other is output port which connects with the following slave.
- Brake output on the drive can connect with brake outlet on the motor directly.
- Encoder extension cable with Z signal is named: CABLEM-BM*M*Z

3.2.1 Power Supply Cable & Motor Cable

- Wire diameter: +VDC, GND, A+, A-, B+, B- terminal wire diameter≥0.3mm² (AWG15-22)
- A noise filter which can improve anti-interference performance is recommended to be connected between power supply and drive.

3.2.2 I/O Signal Cable

- Wire diameter: I1~I8, O1~O4, COM, 24VB and COM terminal wires diameter≥0.12mm² (AWG24-26)
- Recommend to adopt shielded twisted pair cable with a length of less than 3 meters (the shorter the better).



- Wiring: As far as possible away from the power line wiring, in order to prevent interference
- Please connect surge absorber to inductive device, such as anti-parallel diode for DC coil, parallel RC-snubbers circuit for AC coil.

3.2.3 EtherCAT Communication Cable

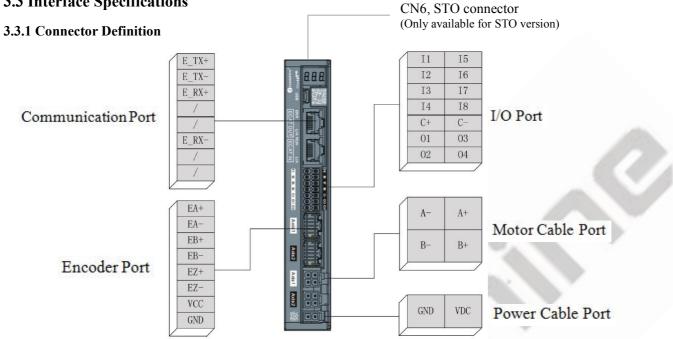
It is recommended to use shielded Ethernet network cables that do not exceed 100 meters.



- DO NOT hot plug in and out.
- Be sure to turn off power and wait for at least 5 minutes, and then you can transport, wiring and inspect the drives and motors.



3.3 Interface Specifications





Name	Description		
CN1	Input power connector		
CN2	Motor cable connector		
CN3	Encoder input signals connector		
CN4	Digital input and output connector		
CN5	EtherCAT communication connector		
CN6	STO connector (Only available for STO version)		



3.3.2 CN1-Input Power Connector

Name	Pic	PIN	Signal	Description
CNI		1	VDC	20~50VDC
CN1		2	GND	GND

3.3.3 CN2-Motor Connector

Name	Pic	PIN	Signal	Description
	2 1	1	A+	Motor phase A+
CND		2	A-	Motor phase A-
CN2		3	B+	Motor phase B+
	4 3	4	B-	Motor phase B-

3.3.4 CN3-Encoder Input Signals Connector

Name	Pic	PIN	Signal	Description
		1	EA+	Encoder signal of phase A+
		2	EA-	Encoder signal of phase A-
		3	EB+	Encoder signal of phase B+
		4	EB-	Encoder signal of phase B-
		5	EZ+	Encoder Z+ signal
CN3		6	EZ-	Encoder Z- signal
CINS		7	VCC	Encoder +5V voltage
		8	GND	Encoder ground
		9	U	Reserved
		10	V	Reserved
		11	W	Reserved
		12	PE	Shield ground



3.3.5 CN4-I/O Signals Connector

Name	Pic	PIN	Signal	I/O	Description	
		1	I1	I-Axis1	Probe (default) configurable, single-ended, 12~24V	
				2	I2	I-Axis1
		3	I3	I-Axis1	POT (default) configurable, single-ended, 12~24V	
		4	I4	I-Axis1	NOT (default) configurable, single-ended, 12~24V	
		5	C+	Common	Command port of input signals for axis1 and axis2	
		6	01	O-Axis1	Alarm (default) configurable, common-cathode	
CN4	1 17 18 8 2 12 18 19 3 13 19 19 19	7	02	O-Axis1	Brake (default) configurable, common-cathode	
CN4	3 3 3 6 10 4 4 10 11 10 5 9 10 11 12 6 00 11 00 13 7 12 10 13 14	8	15	I-Axis2	Probe (default) configurable, single-ended, 12~24V	
		9	16	I-Axis2	HOME (default) configurable, single-ended, 12~24V	
		10	17	I-Axis2	POT (default) configurable, single-ended, 12~24V	
		11	18	I-Axis2	NOT (default) configurable, single-ended, 12~24V	
		12	C-	Common	Command port of output signals for axis1 and axis2	
		13	03	O-Axis2	Alarm (default) configurable, common-cathode	
		14	04	O-Axis2	Brake (default) configurable, common-cathode	

Remark: I/O interface and corresponding parameter setting refer to chapter 4.1.3



3.3.6 CN5-EtherCAT Communication Connector

Name	Pic	PIN	Signal	Description						
		1,9	E_TX+	EtherCAT TxD+						
		2, 10	E_TX-	EtherCAT TxD-						
		3, 11	E_RX+	EtherCAT RxD+						
		4, 12	/	/						
CN5		5, 13	/	/						
		6, 14	E_RX-	EtherCAT RxD-						
		7, 15	/	/						
		8, 16	/	/						
		Cover	PE	Shield earthing						
Note	 LED1 as'Link/Activity IN' indicator, green LED3 as'Link/Activity OUT' indicator, green LED2 as'RUN' indicator, green LED4 as'ERR' indicator, red 									

This LED informs EtherCAT communication status. RUN LED, ERROR LED positions at the front side of product and, Link/Activity LED individually positions at the top of right corner of EtherCAT ports..

ponts									
Name	Color	Color Statue Description							
		OFF	Link not established in physical layer						
LED1	LED1 Green ON Flickering		Link established in physical layer						
			In operation after establishing link						
	and and a second	OFF	Link not established in physical layer						
LED3	D3 Green ON		Link established in physical layer						
1		Flickering	In operation after establishing link						
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		т							

Table 3.3 Link/Activity LED status

3.3.7 CN6-Micro USB Tuning Port

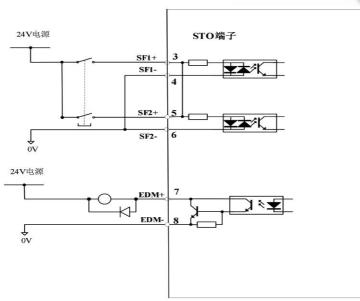
Name	Pic	PIN	Signal
		1	GND
		2	Reserved
CN6		3	Data+
	1 2 3 4 5	4	Data-
		5	V_Bus



3.3.8 STO Port

STO means Safe Torque Off, the STO function provides a means for preventing the drive from generating torque in the motor. It is suitable for incorporation into a safety system for a machine.

Port	Pin	Signal	Definition	Description		
	1	24V	The new of STO	Using to short circuit the SF1 and SF2		
1 8 8 2	2	0V	The power of STO	signals, do not for other purpose		
T & T	3	SF1+	The 1st STO gignel			
	4	SF1-	The 1 st STO signal	One of SF1 or SF2 is activated, the STO		
	5	SF2+	The 2 nd STO signal	would be activated		
7	6	SF2-	The 2 STO signal			
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	7	EDM+	The output signal for monitor the state of	The EDM signal would be ON while both		
	8	EDM-	STO function	SF1 and SF2 signals are OFF		



The Diagram of STO Circuit

	Description about STO Alarm Code											
SF1 State	SF2 State	EDM State	PWM State	Alarm								
ON	ON	OFF	normal	/								
ON	ON OFF		suspend	E1C2								
OFF	OFF ON OFF		suspend	E1C1								
OFF			suspend	E1C0								

Description about STO Alarm Code

3.3.9 Salve ID (Site Alias) Setting

The Salve ID (also called Site Alias) of 2CS3E series can be set by the following

MSD LSD

3 methods:

• Setting via Rotary Switches

When Object (2151h) is set to value '0', user can set a value non-zero via the two rotary switches as the salve ID, activated after restarting the power supply. The specific definition is as below:

The salve ID of drives comes from the constituent hexadecimal value by rotary switch 1 (MSD) and rotary switch 2 (LSD). For example, when the MSD is set value 'A', and the LSD is set value '8', the ID is 168 (decimalism).

• Setting via Reading ESC(EtherCAT Salve Controller)

When Object (2151h) is set to value '2' and MSD, LSD rotary switches are set to 0, the EtherCAT master will configure site alias to the address of EEPROM 0004h of ESC automatically.



Setting via Object (2150h)

When Object (2151h) is set to value '1', the value written in Object (2150h) is as the site alias, activated after saving parameter and restarting the power supply.

3.3.10 Three 7-Segment

There are three 7-Segments with two LED indicators on the front of 2CS3E-D507 (turn on when drive is enabled). The displayed content of after initialization can be set by Object (214b-00h):

- 2-Velocity
- 0-State machine / operation mode
- 1-Slave ID

When an error occurs, the 7-Segment displays only the alarm code, please refer to chapter 5.2

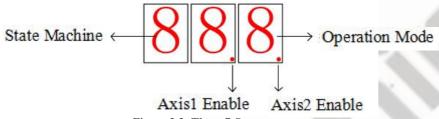


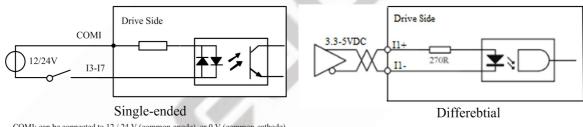
Figure 3.3: Three 7-Segments

3.4 I/O Interface and Corresponding Parameters Setting

3.4.1 Digital Input

Wiring ۲

There are two types of input signals: single-ended and differential.the connections are as below:



COMI: can be connected to 12 / 24 V (common-anode), or 0 V (common-cathode).

Figure 3.4: Input Interface Connection

Note:

(1) Controller/PLC/Control card should provide input DC power 12-24V, current \geq 100mA.

(2) If the polarity of input DC power is reversed, the EtherCAT stepper drive won't work; you need to turn the wiring.

3.4.2 Digital Output

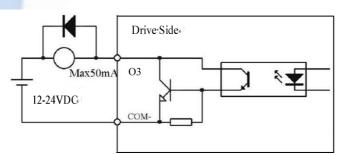


Figure 3.5: Output Interface Wiring

Note:

(1) The power supply (12-24VDC) above is provided by user, and if the polarity of power supply is reversed, it



will damage the drive.

(2) Digital output is OC output with the maximum capacity of 100mA/30V (recommended 50mA/25V), the provided power supply should be under 30V (recommended 24V), and otherwise it will cause damage to the drive.

3.4.3 Brake Output

This driver has a special brake output, built-in a fly-wheel diode, driving current up to 500 mA, can directly drive the motor brake without relays. The connection is below:

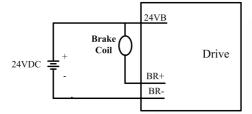


Figure 3.6: Brake output connection



4 EtherCAT Object Dictionary

Each 2CS3E series product support two axes, except the parameters of 1000h~1FFFh are common parameters for axis1 and axis2, other parameters are working independently, the relation between these parameters show as follow: **Axis2 address (hex) = Axis1 address (hex) + 0x800**

For example:

	Axis1	Axis2
Peak current	0x2000	0x2800
Target position	0x607A	0x687A

4.1 Communication Object

The 2CS3E Series drives follows the EtherCAT standard protocol, can communicate with the master stations which also supports the EtherCAT standard protocol.

Index	Sub- index	Name	Access	Туре	Range	Axis-1 default Value	Unit	Remark
1000	0	Device type	R	UINT	0-32767	0x40912	•	Refer to CIA 402 profile
1001	0	Error register	R	USINT	0-255	0	-9	Refer to Chapter 5.1
1008	0	Device name	R	UINT	0-32767	2CS3E-D	-	· ·
	00	Number of sub-index	R	UINT	0-32767	4	-	·
	01	Save all parameters	R/W	UDINT	0-0xFFFFFFF F	0		
1010	02	Save communication parameters	R/W	UDINT	0-0xFFFFFFF F	0	-	Need to write 0x65766173 or 1702257011 (decimal) into
	03	Save motion parameters	R/W	UDINT	0-0xFFFFFFF F	0	-	sub-index. It will return 1 if save successfully
	04	Save factory parameters	R/W	UDINT	0-0xFFFFFFF F	0	-	
	00 Number of sub-index		R	UINT	0-32767	4	-	-
	01	Restore all parameters to Axis-1 default setting	R/W	UDINT	0-0xFFFFFFF F	0	-	
1011	02	Reset communication parameters to factory setting	R/W	UDINT	0-0xFFFFFFF F	0	-	Need to write 0x64616f6c or 1684107116 (decimal) into sub-index. It will return 1 if save successfully
	03	Reset motion parameters to factory setting	R/W	UDINT	0-0xFFFFFFF F	0	-	
	04	Reset user parameters to factory setting	R/W	UDINT	0-0xFFFFFFF F	0	-	
	00	Number of sub-index	R	UINT	0-32767	4	-	-
	01	Vendor ID	R	UINT	0-32767	4321	-	Leadshine code
1018	02	Product code	R	UINT	0-32767	100	-	-
	03	Revision number	R	UINT	0-32767	1	-	-
	04	Series number	R	UINT	0-32767	1	-	-
1600	0	Number of sub-index	R/W	UINT	0-32767	3	-	Axis-1 default number of 1 st mapping object



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							0.0111 010	564 20	op Stepper Drive Oser Maria
		01-08	1 st RXPDO-Map object	R/W	UDINT	0-0xFFFFFFF F	-	-	Axis-1 default number of 1 st RXPDO-Map object
		0	Number of sub-index	R/W	UINT	0-32767	6	-	Axis-1 default number of 2 nd mapping object
	1601	01-08	2 nd RXPDO-Map object	R/W	UDINT	0-0xFFFFFFF F	-	-	Axis-1 default number of 2 nd RXPDO-Map object
		0	Number of sub-index	R/W	UINT	0-32767	5	-	Axis-1 default number of 3 rd mapping object
	1602	01-08	3 rd RXPDO-Map object	R/W	UDINT	0-0xFFFFFFF F	-	-	Axis-1 default number of 3 rd RXPDO-Map object
	1.602	0	Number of sub-index	R/W	UINT	0-32767	7	-	Axis-1 default number of 4 th mapping object
	1603	01-08	4 th RXPDO-Map object	R/W	UDINT	0-0xFFFFFFF F	-	-	Axis-1 default number of 4 th RXPDO-Map object
	1610	0	Number of sub-index	R/W	UINT	0-32767	3	-	Axis-2 Axis-1 default number of 1 st mapping object
	1610	01-08	1 st TXPDO-Map object	R/W	UDINT	0-0xFFFFFFF F	-	-	Axis-2 default number of 1 st RXPDO-Map object
	1611	0	Number of sub-index	R/W	UINT	0-32767	6	-	Axis-2 default number of 2 nd mapping object
		01-08	2 nd RXPDO-Map object	R/W	UDINT	0-0xFFFFFFF F	-	- 2	Axis-2 default number of 2 nd RXPDO-Map object
	1612	0	Number of sub-index	R/W	UINT	0-32767	5	-	Axis-2 default number of 3 rd mapping object
		01-08	3 rd RXPDO-Map object	R/W	UDINT	0-0xFFFFFFF F		-	Axis-2 default number of 3 rd RXPDO-Map object
	1613	0	Number of sub-index	R/W	UINT	0-32767	7	-	Axis-2 default number of 4 th mapping object
		01-08	4 th RXPDO-Map object	R/W	UDINT	0-0xFFFFFFF F		-	Axis-2 default number of 4 th RXPDO-Map object
	1A00 -	0	Number of sub-index	R/W	UINT	0-32767	7	-	Axis-1 default number of 1 st mapping object
		01-08	1 st TXPDO-Map object	R/W	UDINT	0-0xFFFFFFF F	-	-	Axis-1 default number of 1 st TXPDO-Map object
	1A01	0	Number of sub-index	R/W	UINT	0-32767	0	-	Axis-1 default number of 2 nd mapping object
	IAUI	01-08	2 nd TXPDO-Map object	R/W	UDINT	0-0xFFFFFFF F	-	-	Axis-1 default number of 2 nd RXPDO-Map object
	1A10	0	Number of sub-index	R/W	UINT	0-32767	7	-	Axis-1 default number of 1 st mapping object
	IAIU	01-08	1 st TXPDO-Map object	R/W	UDINT	0-0xFFFFFFF F	-	-	Axis-1 default number of 1 st TXPDO-Map object
	1A11	0	Number of sub-index	R/W	UINT	0-32767	0	-	Axis-1 default number of 2 nd mapping object
		01-08	2 nd TXPDO-Map object	R/W	UDINT	0-0xFFFFFFF F	-	-	Axis-1 default number of 2 nd RXPDO-Map object
		0	Number of sub-index	R	UINT	0-32767	4	-	-
		01	Output type of email	R	UINT	0-32767	1	-	-
	1C00	02	Input type of email	R	UINT	0-32767	2	-	-
X		03	Output type of process data	R	UINT	0-32767	3	-	-
		04	Input type of process data	R	UINT	0-32767	4	-	-
	1C12	0-04	RXPDO assign	R/W	UINT	0-32767	1600	-	-
	1C13	0-02	TXPDO assign	R/W	UINT	0-32767	1A00	-	-



1C32	0-0A	RXPDO administrative parameters	R	UINT	0-32767	-	-	-
1C33	0-0A	TXPDO administrative parameters	R	UINT	0-32767	-	-	-

The parameters can be configured by master station's PC software or Leadshine Motion Studio.



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4.2 Manufacture Specific Object

Explanation for index and sub-index

			Index	Sub- ind	ex Name	;	Access for which axis			
			2000	00			Fo	r axis1		
				00	Peak	current	Fo	r axis2		
			2001	00			For			
			2801	00	- Miero	step resolution	For axis2			
		1				11				
Index	Sub- index	Name	I	Access	Туре	Range		Axis-1 default value	Unit	Remark
2000 2800	00 00	Peak current	F	R/W	DINT	0-70		60	0.1A	Drive's max output current. 2CS3E-D503 is 25 by default; 2CS3E-D507 is 60 by default.
2001 2801	00	Microstep resolution	F	₽/W	DINT	200-51200		10000	Pulse	Required number of pulse to rotate 1 revolution of motor. But it is recommended to modify via
									191	6092+01
2010 2810	01 01	Internal filtering time	ŀ	R/W	DINT	0-512		100	0.1ms	Internal smoothing time for control command.
2012	00									Internal smoothing time for starting
2812	00	Soft-starting time	F	R/W	DINT	1-60		1	100ms	current.
2013	00								7	
2813	00	Auto-tuning at power o	n F	R/W	DINT	VT 0-1		1		1: Yes. 0: No
2019	01	In-position pulse								0: With compensation, the value of
2819	01	In-position pulse compensation		₹/₩	DINT	0-1		1		6064 = 607A in position; 1: Without compensation
2019	02	In-position mode at disabled state					7			0: Not allowed in-position signal
2819	02			₹/₩	DINT	0-1		0		output when disabled; 1: Allowed in-position signal output when disabled;
201A	01	Locking current	1			·				
281A	01	percentage of power on	L P	R/W	DINT	0-100		100	%	Usually keep the Axis-1 default value.
201A	02									Multiply by the value of object
281A	02	Closed loop holding current percentage	F	₹/W	DINT	0-100		50	%	0x2000, the drive output current will change between these according to the load.
201B	00									Appropriately reduce this value if you
281B	00	Locking duration time	F	R/W	DINT	0-1500		200	ms	want to shorten the time of locking shaft.
201C	00									
281C	00	Max time to close brake	e I	R/W	DINT	100-10000		1000	ms	Usually keep the Axis-1 default value
281D	00									
2024	00	Control Mode	т	₹/W	DINT	0~10		2		0: Open Loop Control;
2824	00			V VV		0~10		2		2: Closed Loop Control
2025 2825	01 01	Speed point for open lo switching closed loop	op I	R/W	DINT	0~200		18	0.1r/s	-
2025 2825	02 02	Delay for open loop switching closed loop	ŀ	R/W	DINT	0~32767		5	ms	-
2025	03	Speed point for closed	- F	R/W	DINT	0~200		12	0.1r/s	_
2825 2025	03 04	loop switching open loo Delay for closed loop	op							
2825 2025	04 05	switching open loop Feedback speed point fo		R/W	DINT	0~32767		250	ms	-
2025	05	closed loop switching		R/W	DINT	0~200		50	0.1r/s	-
2029	00	open loop								4 times the encoder resolution.
2829	00	Encoder resolution	F	R/W	DINT	200-51200		4000	Pulse	But it is recommended to modify by 0x608F+01



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2030	00	Allowed max position	R/W	DINT	0~32767	4000	Pulse	4000 indicates the error of one turn
2830	00	following error pulses Distance to send "In						
2032 2832	00	Position" output signal	R/W	DINT	0-1000	4	Pulse	-
2032	00	Delay of in-position error						
2833	00	de-jitter	R/W	DINT	0-1000	3	ms	-
2051	00							0: CCW direction
2031	00	Motor running direction	R/W	DINT	0-1	0		1: CW direction
2851	00	-						But it is recommended to modify by 0x607E
								Bit setting:
2056	00							=1: Yes; =0: No
2000	00							Bit0: over-current (invalid)
		Alarm detection selection	R/W	DINT	0~65535	65535		Bit1: over-voltage
2856	00							Bit2: Position following error Bit3: Encoder wiring error
								Bit4: over speed alarm
2057	00							Write value 1 to clear the alarm. But it
		Reset alarm	R/W	DINT	0~1	0		is recommended to write value
2857	00							128(Decimal) to 0x6040
2073	00	D i i						0:Normal standby of the motor after
		Power on automatic operation	R/W	DINT	0-1	0		power on 1:After powering on, start self running
2873	00	operation						and then standby
2090	01		DAV	DDIT	0.227/7	1500		
2890	01	Current loop Kp	R/W	DINT	0~32767	1500		
2090	02	Current loop Ki	R/W	DINT	0~32767	200	- 11	
2890	02	Current loop Ki	10 10	DINI	0.92101	200	N. 11/	
2090	03	Current loop Kc	R/W	DINT	0~32767	300		-
2890	03	1						
2091 2891	01 01	Speed Loop Kp	R/W	DINT	0~10000	30	-	
2091	01							V
2891	02	Speed Loop Ki	R/W	DINT	0~10000	3	-100	
2092	01	D W L K	DAV	DDIT	0.100	25		
2892	01	Position Loop Kp	R/W	DINT	0~100	25	-	
214b	00							0: State machine/operation mode
		LED initial state setting	R/W	DINT	0~100	0		1: Node address
294b	00	0						
						/		2: speed
2150	00	Slave ID	R/W	DINT	0-256	0		Valid when $0x2151 = 1$;
2950	00	Slave ID	10 10	DIN	0-250	0		valid when 0x2151 1,
				7.4				
2151	00			100				0: DIP switches
		Slave ID resource	R/W	DINT	0-10	0		1: Setting by 0x2150
2951	00							2: ESC
2152	01	Input SI1	R/W	DINT	0-65535	0x17		Default probe 1, valid after restart
2952	01	input SII	IX/ W	DINI	0-05555	0.117		Default probe 1, valid after restart
2152	02	Input SI2	R/W	DINT	0-65535	0x16		Default homing, valid after restart
2952	02	input on	10.11	2	0.00000	0.110		
2152	03	Input SI3	R/W	DINT	0-65535	0x01		Default POT, valid after restart
2952 2152	03							
2952	04	Input SI4	R/W	DINT	0-65535	0x02		Default NOT, valid after restart
2155	00							Low-8 bit IN state
2955	00	Input and output IO state	R	DINT	0-65535	0		High-8 bit OUT state
2156	01	Output SO1	D/W	DNIT	0 65525	0-01		Default alarm, valid after restart
2956	01	Output SO1	R/W	DINT	0-65535	0x01		Detault alarm, valid alter restart
2156	02	Output SO2	R/W	DINT	0-65535	0x03		Default brake, valid after restart
2956	02	1						,
2232 2A32	00 00	Synchronous compensation 1	R/W	DINT	0—50	2		
2A32 2233	00	Synchronous						
2233 2A33	00	compensation2	R/W	DINT	0—500	100		
2234	00	Number of PWM lagging	D/W	DBIT	0 500	2	1	
2A34	00	cycles	R/W	DINT	0—500	2		
225C	00							Bit1=1: Set motor running direction by
2A5C	00	Special function register	R/W	DINT	0~0xffff	0		0x607E
	00							Bit2=1: Set virtual input by 0x5012-03 0: Stop normally
22A9		Limit Mode	R/W	DINT	0-10	0		0: Stop normally 1: Invalid
2AA9	00	Linit Mode	10 11	2	0-10			2: Alarm, error code 260
22B4	00	Quick stop selection	D/W/	DBIT	0.1	0		0: Alarm, error code 570,
2AB4	00	· ·	R/W	DINT	0-1	0		1: Refer to 0x605A
22EF	00	Offset value when motor	R/W	DINT	0-32767	2000	Р	Encoder unit
2AEF	00	locking	N/ W	DINI	0-32/0/	2000	г	
ZAEF							1	
22F0	00	Z signal pulse width	R/W	DINT	0-32767	10	me	Z signal pulse width refer to 60FD
	00 00	Z signal pulse width	R/W	DINT	0-32767	10	ms	Z signal pulse width refer to 60FD



22F1 2AF1	00 00	Homing mode in-position	R/W	DINT	0-32767	1	Р	Encoder unit
2C03	03	pulse setting		LIDIT	0.007.67			
	01	Control software version	R	UINT	0-32767	001		-
3100	02	Firmware version	R	UINT	0-32767	001		
	03	EtherNet/IP protocol version	R	UINT	0-32767	101		
3FFE	01-0B							0x3FFE+01 is the current error code (current alarm) or the most recent error
47FE	01-0B	Alarm record	R	DINT	0~32767			code (currently no alarm); 0x3FFE+02-0E are followed by the historical error code
4003	01	Delay of closing brake	R/W	UINT	0-1500	250	ms	-
4803	01							
4003	02	Delay of loosening brake	R/W	UINT	0-1500	250	ms	
4803	02	blake						0. T
4003	03	Max speed to close brake	R/W	UINT	0-500	10	0.1r/s	-
4803 4500	03		5	DDIT	0.007/7			
4D00	00 03	Current error ID	R	DINT	0-32767		-	
5000 5800	03	Internal enable state	R	DINT	0~32767		-	0: Disabled 1: Enabled
5000	04		D	UDIT	0.22767		_	Bit0=0: Not reach Bit0=1: Reach
5800	04	Reach the target state	R	UINT	0~32767			Bit1=0: No stall Bit1=1: Stalled
5002	01					09		Write 0, return the ID data in ESC to
5802	01	ESC ID	R/W	UINT	0~32767	-		0x5002-02 ; Write 0x12, return the current ID setting by DIP switches
5002 5802	02 02	ESC data	R	UINT	0~32767	-		Return Node ID data
5004 5804	0F 0F	Sync0 Synchronization interface parameters	R/W	UINT	0~32767	0x1FF		Bit0 =1: RPDO mapping can't be written by SDO; Bit0 =0: RPDO mapping can be written by SDO; Bit1=1: Detect the number of PDO mapping; Bit1=1: Don't detect the number of PDO mapping; Bit2=1: Send 0xF directly to enable; Bit2=0: Send 0xF can't be enabled.
5005 5805	00 00	DC compensation base value	R/W	UINT	0~32767	500		
5006	00 00	Synchronization error detection	R/W	UINT	0~32767	0		
5806 5011	00	Internal actual location	R	UDINT	0~32767			
5811 5012	00 01	Homing arrival position	R/W		0~32767	0		
5812 5012	01 02			DINT				
5812	02	Homing trigger position	R/W	DINT	0~32767	0		
5012	03	Homing virtual input	R/W	UDINT	0~32767	0		When 0x225C=4, activate the virtual input function; 60FD different bits, corresponding to different virtual inputs; Inputs Bit of 60FD Probe signal 1 Bit 26=1 Home switch Bit 2=1 Positive limit Bit 0=1 Z signal (index Bit 31=1
5812	03							signal) For example: 0x225C=4 and start homing, set 0x5012-03=4, Home switch input; set 0x5012-03=2, Positive limit input; set 0x5012-03=2, Negative limit input



5012	04							Bit0=0: Homing protection is not turned on; Bit0=1: Homing protection is turned on; (Homing protection: when start homing, If the limit signal takes effect,
5812	04	Homing setting	R/W	UINT	0~32767	0x4054	-	bit0=0 means homing normally, bit0=1 means stop homing as limit protection) Bit2=0: The value of current position after in position = 0x607C; Bit2=1: The value of 0x607C is used as the motion offset, and finally 0x6064 = 0; Bit3=0: 0x6064= 0x607C after in position; Bit3=1: 0x6064 = 0x607C after in position;
5015	05							Bit6=0:The value of 0x6041 bit12 is
5815	05	Handling of limit position collision	R/W	UINT	0~32767	1		used as the collision limit clear status Bit6=1:The value of 0x6041 bit12 is used as the collision limit not clear status
5400	01	Minimum	R/W	UINT	250~2000	500	us	-
5C00	01	synchronization period						
5400 5C00	02 02	Maximum synchronization period	R/W	UINT	250~20000	8000	us	-
5503	04	-,						Bit0 = 2: Asynchronous mode, the host
5D03	04	Special function register	R/W	UINT	0~65535	7	-	will track 0x607A-00 in real time; Bit0=3 or=7: Asynchronous mode, the host does not track 0x607A-00in real time.

4.3 I/O Configuration Object

The configuration of input ports includes three parts: function setting, filter time and polarity setting. Therefore, the relevant object dictionary value (Decimal) = Input port function setting value + Filter time setting value + Input port polarity setting value. The configuration of output ports includes two parts: function setting and polarity setting. Therefore, the relevant object dictionary value (Decimal) = Output port function setting value + Output port polarity setting value.

It is recommended to use Leadshine free tuning software MotionStudio for parameter settings, which will be very simple. In Leadshine MotionStudio, digital input (DI) and digital output (DO) are displayed as SI and SO.

Index	Sub- index	Name	Access	Туре	Range	Axis-1 default value	Unit	Remark
2152	01	Input1	DAV	DDIT	0.65525	0.17 (D : 102)		Axis-1 default is touch probe1, take effect changes need
2952	01	function	R/W	DINT	0-65535	0x17 (Decimal 23)		restart power
2152	02	Input2	DAV	DDIT	0.65525	0.18 (Decimal 24)		Axis-1 default is HOME, take effect changes need
2952	02	function	R/W	DINT	DINT 0-65535 0x18 (Decimal 24)			restart power
2152	03	Input3	R/W	DINT	0.05505	0.14 (D : 100)		Axis-1 default is POT, take effect changes need restart
2952	03	function	R/W	DINI	0-65535	0x16 (Decimal 22)		power
2152	04	Input4	DAV	DDIT	0 (5525	0.01 (Decimal 1)		Axis-1 default is NOT, take effect changes need restart
2952	04	function	R/W	DINT	0-65535	0x01 (Decimal 1)		power

4.3.1 Input Ports Function Value

Note:

(1) After configuring the input and output functions through the master station software or MotionStudio, it needs to save and restart the power to take effect.

(2) If the function configuration of the two input ports is repeated, the input port with the smaller number is valid, and the other input port will be set to GPIO automatically. For example: SI3 and SI4 are configured as positive limit, after saving and restarting, SI3 function as positive limit, SI4 function as GPIO.

There are two object dictionaries that can be used to monitor input ports: 0x2155 is used to monitor whether the input port is connected to a valid signal; 0x60FD is used to monitor whether the input port is configured with a function

• 0x2155 Corresponding Input Port Table:

Input port Index +Sub index		Axis-1 default Function Value	Axis-1 default Function	Physical State Read State1 (3)
IN1	0x2152+01 (1) 0x2952+01	0x17	Probe1	0x2155.00=1 (2)
IN2	0x2152+02 0x2952+02	0x18	НОМЕ	0x2155.01=1



IN3	0x2152+03	0x16	РОТ	0x2155.02=1	
1183	0x2952+03	0x10	FOI	0x2155.02-1	
IN4	0x2152+04	0x01	NOT	0x2155.03=1	
11114	0x2952+04	0X01	NOT	0x2155.05-1	

Note:

(1) 0x2152+01 indicate that the index is 0x2152, and sub-index is 01.

(2) 0x2155.01 indicates that the index is 0x2155, and bit is bit1.

(3) Read State1: when IN1~IN7 inputs are valid, at this time, it has nothing to do with whether the function is configured, bit0~bit5 of 0x2155 will change to value 1. For example, when only IN5 input port is valid, bit 4 of 0x2155 will be value 1, then 0x2155=F (Decimal 16).

• 0x60FD Corresponding Function Table:

Input Function	Setting Value	Logic state Read state2 (1)
Invalid	0x00	· / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / /
Probel	0x17 (Decimal 23)	0x60FD.26=1 0x68FD.26=1
Probe2	0x18 (Decimal 24)	0x60FD.27=1 0x68FD.27=1
Home (ORG)	0x16 (Decimal 22)	0x66FD.02=1 0x68FD.02=1
Positive limit (POT)	0x01 (Decimal 1)	0x66FD.01=1 0x68FD.01=1
Negative limit (NOT)	0x02 (Decimal 2)	0x60FD.00=1
Quick Stop (EMG)	0x14 (Decimal 20)	0x68FD.00=1 0x60FD.23=1
GPIO (SI-MON)	0x19 (Decimal 25)	$0x68FD.23=1$ When IN1 is set to GPIO \rightarrow 60FD.04=1/ 68FD.04=1 When IN2 is set to GPIO \rightarrow 60FD.05=1/ 68FD.05=1 When IN3 is set to GPIO \rightarrow 60FD.06=1/ 68FD.06=1
		When IN4 is set to GPIO \rightarrow 60FD.06-1/ 68FD.06-1 When IN4 is set to GPIO \rightarrow 60FD.07=1/ 68FD.07=1

Note:

(1) Read State2: when inputs function is valid, at this time, it has nothing to do with which input port, bit0~bit26 of 0x60FD will change to value 1. For example: when IN5 input port is set to POT and input signal is valid, then bit0 of 0x60FD will be value 1.

(2) When input function is set to GPIO, at this time, different input ports correspond to different bit of 0x60FD.

4.3.2 Input Ports Filter Time & Polarity Value

Filter Time	Setting Value (Decimal)	Polarity	Setting Value
lms	0	Normally open (NO)	0
2ms	256	Normally closed (NC)	128
3ms	512		·
4ms	768		
5ms	1024		
6ms	1280		
8ms	1536		
10ms	1792		
15ms	2048		
20ms	2304		-
30ms	2560		
40ms	2816		
50ms	3072		
100ms	3328		
200ms	3584		
500ms	3840		

Therefore, Value of 0x2152 (Decimal) = Input port function value + Filter time value + Polarity value. For Example:



1. IN1 needs to be set as quick stop function, filtering time is 20ms and polarity is NC(normal-closed):

0x2152+01 = 20+128+2304=2452(0x994)

2. Need to set the polarity of IN3, IN4, IN5 to NC: 0x2152+03 =128+22 =150(0x96) 0x2152+04 =128+1 =129(0x81) 0x2152+05 =128+2 =130(0x82)

4.3.3 Output Ports Function & Polarity Value

Index	Sub-inde x	Name	Access	Туре	Range	Axis-1 default value	Unit	Remark	Status monitoring 1 of output
2156	01	Output1	DAU	DDIT	D.T. 0.(5525	0x01		Axis-1 default is alarm output, take effect changes need restart power	0x2155+00
2956	01	function	R/W	DINT	0-65535				0x2955+00
2156	02	Output2 Day DDy		0 (5525	0.04		Axis-1 default is brake	0x2155+01	
2956	02	function	R/W	DINI	DINT 0-65535 0x04	0X04		output, take effect changes need restart power	0x2955+02

More detail:

Output Port Function	Setting Value	Polarity	Setting Value
Reserved	0	Normally open (NO)	0
Alarm (ALM)	1	Normally closed (NC)	128
Servo-on (Ready)	2 (invalid)		
Brake (BRK)	3		
In-position (INP)	4 (invalid)		
Main control output	5		

Therefore, Value of 0x2156 (Decimal) = Output port function value + Polarity value.

For Example:

OUT1 needs to be set as alarm function and polarity is NC: 0x2156+01=1+128=129(0x81)

4.3.4 Main Control Output Function

Main control output is also called general output and User-defined output, and its usage is as follows:

	Name	Index+ Sub-index	Polarity		Open main control output	Enable main control output (60FE+02)	
	Ivame	Index+ Sub-index	NO (normal-open)	NC (normal-closed)	(60FE+01)		
	OUT	2156+01	005	0x85	hi416 (0-10000)	bit16 (0x10000)	
j.	OUT1	2956+01	0x05	0x85	bit16 (0x10000)		
	OUT2	2156+02	005	0x85	hi417 (0-20000)	hit17 (0-20000)	
	OUT2	2956+02	0x05	0x85	bit17 (0x20000)	bit17 (0x20000)	

For example, when OUT2 is set to main control output function and polarity is NC, the operation steps are as below:

- Set Object (2156+02h) to value 0x05 to main control output function;
- Set both 60FE+01 and 60FE+02 to value 0x20000, then it is available.

4.4 Motion Objects

Index	Name	Access	Туре	Range	Axis-1 default value	Unit	Remark
603F	Error anda	D	UINT	0-65535	0		Refer to chapter 5.2
683F	Error code R	K UINI	UINT	0-03335	0		
6040	Control word	Control word R/W	UINT	0-65535	0		Defende destand 1
6840	Control word	K/ W	UINT	0-05555	0		Refer to chapter 6.1
6041	Status word	R	UINT	0-65535	0		Defer to chanter 6.1
6841	Status word	ĸ	UINT	0-05555	0		Refer to chapter 6.1



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605A							0: After stopping immediately, switch on disable state;1: After decelerating to stops at a speed value of 0x6084, switch on disable state;
							 2: After decelerating to stops at a speed value of 0x6085, switch on disable state; 3: After decelerating to stops at a speed value of 0x60C6, switch on disable stat;
685A	Quick stop type selection	R/W	UINT	0-65535	6		4: After stopping immediately, switch on quick stop state;5: After decelerating to stops at a speed value of 0x6084,
065A							switch on quick stop state;6: After decelerating to stops at a speed value of 0x6085, switch on quick stop state;
							7: After decelerating to stops at a speed value of 0x60C6, switch on quick stop stat;
605D	Asynchronous						 After decelerating to stops at a speed value of 0x6084, keep operation enable state; After decelerating to stops at a speed value of 0x6085, keep operation enable state;
685D	mode halt selection	R/W	INT	0~65535	1		 3: After decelerating to stops at a speed value of 0x60C6, keep operation enable state; 4: After stopping immediately, keep operation enable
	50						state.
6060	Operation mode	R/W	USIN T	0-255	8		1: PP mode, 3: PV mode,
6860	mode		1				6: Home mode,
6061 6861	Operation mode display	R	USIN T	0-255	8		
6062 6862	Position command	R	DINT	-2147483648 ~2147483647	0	Pulse	
6064 6864	Position actual value	R	DINT	-2147483648 ~2147483647	0	Pulse	
6067 6867	Distance to send "In Position" output signal	R/W	UINT	0-1000	4	Pulse	It is recommended to use this object in preference, Can also set by 0x2032,
606B 686B	Velocity command	R	DINT	-2147483648 ~2147483647	0	P/s	-
606C 686C	Velocity actual value	R	DINT	-2147483648 -2147483647	0	P/S	-
607A 687A	- Target position	R/W	DINT	-2147483648 ~2147483647	0	Р	Target position under PP mode
607C 687C	Home offset	R/W	DINT	-2147483648 ~2147483647	0	Р	The value of difference between zero position and mechanical zero point under Homing mode . If the value is set to10000, it means that at homing mode 19, the motor reaches the Home switch and stops immediately, then reverses at low speed until it leaves the Home switch, at last stops at a distance of 10000P.
607D+ 01 687D+ 01	Software negative limit	R/W	DINT	-2147483648 ~2147483647	0	Р	New target positions are checked against these limits. The limits are relative to the machine home position, which is the result of homing. As Axis-1 default the software
607D+ 02 687D+ 02	Software positive limit	R/W	DINT	-2147483648 ~2147483647	0	Р	position limits are switched off. Changed values must be saved and the drive must be restarted to take enable the new the software limits.
607E 687E	Motor direction	R/W	USIN T	0~255	0		Need to set 0x225C first
60FF 68FF	- Target velocity	R/W	DINT	-2147483648 ~2147483647	0	P/S	Profile velocity under PV mode
6080 6880	Max velocity limit	R/W	UDIN T	-2147483648 ~2147483647	3000	rpm	-
6081 6881	Max profile velocity	R/W	DINT	-2147483648 ~2147483647	50000		Max. Allowable velocity under PP mode
6082	Start velocity	R/W	DINT	-2147483648	0		Start velocity under PP mode



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6882				~2147483647			
6882							
6883	Profile acceleration	R/W	DINT	-2147483648 ~2147483647	4000	P/S^2	Acceleration under PP and PV mode
6084 6884	Profile deceleration	R/W	DINT	-2147483648 ~2147483647	4000	P/S^2	Deceleration under PP and PV mode
6085 6885	Quick stop deceleration	R/W	DINT	-2147483648 ~2147483647	4000000 00	P/S^2	Deceleration of quick stop under PP, PV and Home mode
608F+ 01 688F+ 01	Encoder resolution	R/W	UINT	4000-20000	4000	Count	It is recommended to use this object in preference, can also set by 0x2029,
6092+ 01 6892+ 01	Microstep resolution	R/W	DINT	200-51200	10000	Pulse	It is recommended to use this object in preference, can also be modified via 0x2001,
6098 6898	Homing method	R/W	USIN T	1-100	19	-	Methods of searching zero position under homing mode, refer to Appendix A
6099+ 01 6899+ 01	Fast homing velocity	R/W	DINT	-2147483648 ~2147483647	50000	P/S	Speed during search for limit switch signal
6099+ 02 6899+ 02	Slow homing velocity	R/W	DINT	-2147483648 ~2147483647	25000	P/S	Speed during search for Home switch
607C 687C	Home offset	R/W	DINT	-2147483648 ~2147483647	0	Р	The value of difference between zero position and mechanical zero point under Homing mode
609A 689A	Homing acceleration	R/W	USIN T	-2147483648 ~2147483647	25000	P/S^2	Acc / Dec velocity under Home mode
60B0 68B0	Position offset	R/W	DINT	-2147483648 ~2147483647	0	Р	Position offset under PP mode
60B8 68B8	Touch probe control word	R/W	UINT	0-65535	0	-	Set touch probe function, refer to chapter 6.3
60B9 68B9	Touch probe statue word	R	UINT	0-65535	0	-	Status of touch probe 1/2, refer to chapter 6.3
50BA 58BA	Touch probe 1 positive value	R	DINT	-2147483648 ~2147483647	0	Р	Data value sensed by touch probe 1 at rising edge
60BB 68BB	Touch probe 1 negative value	R	DINT	-2147483648 ~2147483647	0	Р	Data value sensed by touch probe 1 at falling edge
60BC 68BC	Touch probe 2 positive value	R	DINT	-2147483648 ~2147483647	0	Р	Data value sensed by touch probe 2 at rising edge
60BD 68BD	Touch probe 2 negative value	R	DINT	-2147483648 ~2147483647	0	Р	Data value sensed by touch probe 2 at falling edge
60C2+ 01 68C2+ 01	Interpolation time period value	R/W	USIN T	0-255	2		
60C2+ 02 68C2+ 02	Interpolation time unit	R/W	SINT	-128-127	0		Only for internal tuning.
60D5 68D5	Touch probe 1 rising edge counter	R	UINT	0-65535	0		Frequency for capture of touch probe 1 rising edge



60D6 68D6	Touch probe 1 falling edge counter	R	UINT	0-65535	0	 Frequency for capture of touch probe 1 falling edge
60D7 68D7	Touch probe2 rising edge counter	R	UINT	0-65535	0	 Frequency for capture of touch probe 2 rising edge
60D8 68D8	Touch probe 2 falling edge counter	R	UINT	0-65535	0	 Frequency for capture of touch probe 2 falling edge
60FD 68FD	Digital input statue	R	UDIN T	0- 4294967296	0	 Statue of digital input signals, refer to chapter 4.3.1
60FE+ 01 68FE+ 01	Open physical output	R/W	UDIN T	0- 4294967296	0	 Able to control user output through this object, refer to
60FE+ 02 68FE+ 02	Enable physical output	R/W	UDIN T	0- 4294967296	0	 chapter 4.3.4

4.5 XML File or ESI File

EtherCAT Slave Information file (XML File or ESI file) is needed to connect controller with EtherCAT Master.

This file is provided by Leadshine, described slave device information as XML format based on EtherCAT specifications. Please follow the EtherCAT Master software manual for importing method.

Some master stations require files in a specific format and do not recognize XML format, please contact the master technical engineer of master station.



5 Three 7-Segment and Error Code

5.1 Three 7-Segment

2CS3E has three 7-Segment with a LED indicate respectively (the right LED will be on when the drive is enabled), and the contents displayed are different in the initialization status and operational status.

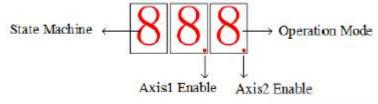


Figure 5.1: Two 7-Segment display

5.1.1 Initialization Status

After the drive is powered on, the three 7-Segment displays are fully lit by 0.5s, followed by a number (max FF) in hex showing the actual node address of the drive. Then the displayed number will be flashing for 5S.

If the node address of the drive is changed during initialization status or running status, the segment displays will be flashing and back to the former status after 5s.

5.1.2 Operational Status

The drive goes into operational status after initialization, and the contents displayed on the 7-Segment are configurable, can be set to three types and set by Object (214b-00h).

Index	Value	Name	Description				
	2	Velocity	Unit: rps				
			(1) 1 st 7-Segment displays the information of status machine in hex				
			• 1: Initialization				
			• 2: Pre-operation				
		Status Machine & Operation Mode	• 4: Safe Operation				
214b-00h	0		• 8: Operation				
2140-0011	0		(2) 2 nd 7-Segment displays the information of operation mode in hex				
			• 1: PP (Profile Position)				
1			• 3: PV (Profile Velocity)				
			• 6: HM (Homing)				
			• 8: CSP (Cyclic Synchronous Position)				
	1	Salve ID	The Salve ID will be displayed always				

Note: If change the node address through rotary switches MSD and LSD during the status of operation, the 7-Segment tube will blinking display the new node address in the time of 5S, then restore the information it had displayed.

5.2 Error Code

(1) Object **0x3FFE+01** indicates the current failure alarm, and other sub-index indications are historical alarms.

(2) Object 0x1001 and 0x603F indicate the current failure alarm, The error code read by 0x603F is IEC 61800 specification; the error code read by 0x1001 is CIA specification.

(3) Error code read by some master station is displayed in decimal. At this time, please convert it to hexadecimal and then refer to the error code table as below. For example, the master station reports error code of 8721, the corresponding hexadecimal number is 0x2211, so the alarm information in the reference table is over-current alarm.

Error code table

0x3FFE Value	0x603F Value	Description	Trouble Shooting
0x0e0	0x2211	Over-current	 Check whether the wiring is short-circuited, or the motor is short-circuited. Switch power supply alarm caused; replace other power supply for a try.



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0x0c0	0x3211	Over-voltage	 Check the voltage of power supply; If over-voltage occurs in motion, the acceleration and deceleration time can be increased
0x0a0	0x3150	EEPROM error in phase A	1. Reset parameters to the factory and restart power supply
0x0a1	0x3151	EEPROM error in phase B	2. If it still exists, the hardware failure
0x1a0	0x8402	Over-speed	 Reduce command speed value; Write 0x10 to the object 0x2056 to clear the alarm.
0x240	0x5530	Save error	Reset parameters to the factory and restart power supply Z. If it still exists, the hardware failure
0x260	0x7329	Limit switched alarm	Refer to 0x22A9+00
0x570	0x5441	Quick stop alarm	Refer to 0x22B4+00
0x5f0	0x7122	Auto-tuning error	1. Restart the drive; 2. If it still exists, disable auto-tuning by 0x2013
-	0x7321	Encoder wring error	 The drive is not connected to a motor; If alarm is occurred when connect a motor, please check the encoder wiring or a cable break.
0x816	0x8216	Invalid mailbox configuration in pre-operation state	Check the network cable
0x81b	0x821B	Watchdog timeout	Check the network cable
-	0x8611	Position following error	 Set the value of Object 2024h to "0" to make motor run in open loop mode, If alarm disappears, it means encoder wiring error; Motor torque is not enough or motor speed is too high;
0x836	0x8736	Invalid DC synchronization period	Decrease the value of the synchronization period or increase the value of 0x5400+02
0x870	0x5201	Unsupported operation mode	Check the value of 0x6061 and correct it to the supported operation mode;
0x801	0x8201	ESM state machine transition failed	
0x802	0x5510	Memory overflow	
0x807	0x8207	The mapping object does not exist	
0x808	0x8208	PDO mapping object length error	
0x809	0x8209	PDO mapping object has no mapping attribute	
0x811	0xA001	Invalid ESM conversion request	
0x812	0xA002	Unknown ESM conversion request	
0x813	0x8213	Boot state request protection	
0x815	0x8215	Email configuration with invalid boot status	
0x818	0x8211	No valid input data	
0x819	0x8212	No valid output data	
0x81c	0x821C	Invalid sync manager type	
0x81d	0x821D	Invalid output configuration	Alarms related to the master station, without accurate solution.
0x81e	0x821E	Invalid input configuration	
0x821	0xA003	Waiting for the initial state of ESM	
0x822	0xA004	Waiting for ESM pre-operation state	
0x823	0xA005	Waiting for ESM safe operation status	
0x824	0x8224	Invalid process data input mapping	
0x825	0x8225	Invalid process data output mapping	
0x827	0x8727	Free running mode is not supported	
0x828	0x8728	Does not support synchronous mode	
0x82b	0x8210	Invalid input and output	
0x82c	0x872C	Fatal sync error	
0x82d	0x872D	No synchronization errors	
0x82e	0x872E	Synchronization period is too small	



0x830	0x8730	Invalid DC synchronization configuration
0x832	0x8732	DC phase locked loop failure
0x833	0x8733	DC sync IO error
0x834	0x8734	DC synchronization timeout
0x835	0x8735	Invalid DC cycle
0x850	0x5550	EEPROM inaccessible
0x851	0x5551	EEPROM error
0x852	0x5552	The hardware is not ready

5.3 Alarm Clearing

After the 2CS3E drive alarms, the power should be cut off first to check the fault, especially the over-current and over-voltage faults. Some alarms (except over-voltage and over-current) can be cleared when the drive is holding on, the step is as follows:

- Write 0x80 (decimal 128) to the object 0x6040 to clear the current alarm (except over-voltage and over-current). This method is recommended as a priority;
- Or write 1 to the object 0x2093 to clear the historical alarm records. At this time, all sub-indexes of 0x3FFE are cleared;



6 Common Functions

6.1 Saving Parameters and Resetting Drive

To save all storable parameters into EEPROM through Object 0x1010, need to write "0x65766173" into sub-index 01h. To reset the drive to Axis-1 default parameters through Object 0x1011, need to write "0x64616F6C" into sub-index 01h. After writing the save command, do not turn off the power immediately, wait around 10s to ensure that all parameters have been saved successfully. The below table is the description of Object (1010h) and Object (1011h).

Action	Index Sub-index	Write Command (hex)	Return Value	Description
Save Objects (2000h-5000h)	1010+04	0x65766173	Return 1	Save Manufacture Specific Objects
Save Objects (6000h)	1010+03	0x65766173	Return 1	Save Motion Objects
Save Objects (1000h)	1010+02	0x65766173	Return 1	Save Communication Objects
Save all Objects	1010+01	0x65766173	Return 1	Save all Objects
Restore Objects (2000h-5000h)	1011+04	0x64616F6C	Return 1	Reset Manufacture Specific Objects
Restore Objects (6000h)	1011+03	0x64616F6C	Return 1	Save Motion Objects
Restore Objects (1000h)	1011+02	0x64616F6C	Return 1	Reset Communication Objects
Restore all Objects	1011+01	0x64616F6C	Return 1	Reset all Objects

Table 6.1: Object (1010h) and Object (1011h)

6.2 Control Word and Operation Modes

2CS3E supports both synchronous mode and asynchronous mode. In the synchronous mode, master station processes trajectory planning and outputs cyclical instructions. Drives follow the planning instructions given by master station in synchronous cycle, making it suitable for synchronous motion of multiple axes. 2CS3E synchronous motion mode supports CSP mode. In CSP mode, master station completes trajectory planning and sends it to 2CS3E. The drive wills execution the synchronous cyclic position instructions immediately once they has arrived. The 2CS3E supports following synchronous cycles: 250 us, 500 us, 750us, 1000 us, 2000 us, 4000 us, and 8000 us.

In asynchronous motion mode, master station is only responsible for sending motion parameters and control commands. 2CS3E drives will process trajectory planning according to the motion parameters after receives control command from master station and the movements between each axis are asynchronous. 2CS3E asynchronous mode includes Profile Position mode(PP), Profile Velocity mode(PV)and Homing mode(HM).

In both control modes, EtherCAT data transmission between master and slave station is achieved through object dictionary. The transmission types contain PDO and SDO and only one can be chosen in general cases. According to control needs, it is classified in three levels by data transmission real time capability and importance:

Must> Recommend > Can.

- "Must" indicates under this mode, the object dictionary has to be PDO mode;
- "Recommend" indicates under the set mode, the object dictionary is suggested to be configured as PDO mode to achieve real-time capability but SDO transmission can be allowed if the controlling is not quite demanding;
- "Can" indicates under this mode, object dictionary data transmission is generally through SDO mode and PDO communication mode won't be necessary.

The object dictionary of each control mode is shown as below:

Table 6.2: Objects Dictionary related to each operation mode (Take axis1 as example)

Operation Modes	Index + Sub-index	Name	Data Type	Access	Unit	PDO Configuration	SDO Configuration
1 P-1	6040+00	Control Word	U16	RW	—	Must	-
C	607A+00	Target Position	I32	RW	Р	Must	-
CSP Mode (8)	6041+00	Status Word	U16	RO	_	Must	-
Q 11	6064+00	Actual Position	132	RO	Р	Must	-
- Andrew Contractor	606C+00	Actual Velocity	I32	RO	P/S	Can	Can
DD Mada (1)	607A+00	Target Position	I32	RW	Р	Recommend	Can
PP Mode (1)	6081+00	Max Profile Velocity	U32	RW	Р	Can	Can
PV Mode (3)	60FF+00	Target Velocity	132	RW	Р	Recommend	Can



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PP Mode (1)	6040+00	Control Word	U16	RW	—	Recommend	Can
And PV Mode (3) General	6083+00	Profile Acceleration	I32	RW	P/S^2	Can	Can
General	6084+00	Profile Deceleration	U32	RW	P/S^2	Can	Can
	6040+00	Control Word	U16	RW	_	Recommend	Can
	6098+00	Homing Method	18	RW	—	Can	Can
Haming Made (C)	6099+01	Fast Homing Velocity	U32	RW	P/S	Can	Can
Homing Mode (6)	6099+02	Slow Homing Velocity	U32	RW	P/S	Can	Can
	609A+00	Homing Acceleration	U32	RW	P/S^2	Can	Can
	607C+00	Homing Offset	U32	RW	Р	Can	Can
	6041+00	Status Word	U16	RO	—	Recommend	Can
PP, PV and HOME Mode General	6064+00	Actual Position	132	RO	Р	Recommend	Can
	606C+00	Actual Velocity	132	RO	P/S	Can	Can
	60B8+00	Touch Probe Control Word	U16	RW	_	Recommend	Can
	60B9+00	Touch Probe Status Word	U16	RO	6. Ø	Recommend	Can
All operation modes General	60BA+00	Touch Probe 1 Positive Value	132	RO	Р	Can	Can
	60FD+00	Digital Input Status	U32	RO	-	Recommend	Can
	603F+00	Latest Error Code	U16	RO	Р	Recommend	Can
	6060+00	Operation Mode	18	RW	—	Can	Can
	60B0+00	Position Offset	132	RW	_	Can	Can
Other Related	6082+00	Start Velocity	U32	RW	P/S	Can	Can
	6085+00	Quick Stop Deceleration	U32	RW	P/S ²	Can	Can
	6061+00	Displayed Operation Mode	18	RO	_	Can	Can

No matter using which operation mode, it cannot be separated from the reading and writing of Control Word (6040h) and Status Word (6041h). Master and slave stations use these two object dictionaries as a medium to send instructions and monitor status. Following contents will highlight the definitions of each bit of the two object dictionaries.

The bit definition of Control Word (6040 h) is as shown in Table 6.3. The table A is about bit4, bit5, bit6 and bit8, whose definition depend on the operation mode, and mainly cover the execution, stop, etc. of each operation mode. The table B is about bit0-3 and bit7, which manages the state transition of the 402 state machine. The definition of. Status Word (6041h) is as shown in Table 6.4. The bit0 -7 mainly show the state machine transition state, while the bit8-15 mainly shows the status of execution or stop in each operation mode. The typical state transition of enable is as follows:

Initiation $(00h) \rightarrow$ power-on $(06h) \rightarrow$ start $(07h) \rightarrow$ enable $(0fh) \rightarrow$ execute or pause (depending on operation mode to send related control instructions of bit4-6 and bit8). The state transition that triggers the running control in each control mode is shown in Table 6.5.

1	Mode Bit	15-9	8	6	5	4
	General	-	Pause	Depending on the operation	n mode	
	CSP mode (8)	-	Invalid	Invalid	Invalid	Invalid
1	PP mode (1)	-	Deceleration stop	Absolute / Relative	Immediate trigger	New position point
	PV mode (3)	-	Deceleration stop	Invalid	Invalid	Invalid
	HM mode (6)	-	Deceleration stop	Invalid	Invalid	Starting motion



Table 6.3B: Control Word (6040h) Bit Definition

Mode Bit	7	3	2	1	0	Type value	Action
General	Wrong reset	Permitted operation	Quick stop	Voltage output	Start		
CSP mode (8)	0	0(x)	1	1	0	06h	Get power
PP mode (1)	0	0	1	1	1	07h	Start
PV mode (3)	0	0(x)	0	1	0(x)	02h	Quick
HM mode (6)	0	1	1	1	1	0fh	Enable
-	1	0(x)	0(x)	0(x)	0(x)	80h	Clear error
-	0	0	0	0	0	0	Initiation

Additional information on other bits:

- Bit 2 is quick stop, trigger logic is 0 effective, notice to separate from other trigger logic.
- Bit 7 is error reset, trigger logic is rising edge effective.
- Bit 5 is immediate trigger, trigger logic is rising edge effective.

Table 6.4 Status Word(6041h) Bit Definition

Mode Low 8 bits	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
Shared	Reserved	Not started	Quick stop	Power on	Error	Permitted operation	Start	Ready to start	
Mode / high 8 bits	15	14	13	12	10	8	11	9	
Shared	Depending on t	the operation mod	e			Limit validity	Distance		
CSP mode (8)	Invalid	Invalid	Invalid	Following effective	Invalid	Emergency stop			
PP mode (1)	Trigger response	Parameter has 0	Invalid	New position point response	Position arrival	Emergency stop	It will be set when the	0 below	
PV mode (3)	Invalid	Parameter has 0	Invalid	Speed is 0	Velocity arrival	Quick stop	hardware limit effective	PreOP status	
HM mode (6)	Trigger response	Parameter has 0	Homing error	Homing find	Position arrival	Emergency stop			

Additional information on other bits:

- When the drive is put into power, the bit 4 will be set.
- Bit 5 quickly stops activation, which is valid under logic 0, contrary to the logic of other bits.
- Bit 9 remote, showing the state of the communication state, 0 below ProOP, at this time the control word (6040 h) command will not be executed.
- Bit 11 limit is set only, when the hardware limit is valid.
- Bit 8 abnormal stop is generally valid in hardware limit, deceleration stop and fast stop trigger state.
- Bit 12 follows the master station, if the driver does not enable or no longer follow instructions from the master station under CSP, this position is 0.

Mode Action		PreOP	Initialization	Get power	Start	Enable	Start operation	Change position	Stop	Alarm
CSP mode	6040	Create a communication OP state and activate the NC		06h	07h	1 fh	Master station send instruction	Master station control	Master station stop position instruction	Over- voltage
(8)	6041	axis		631h	633h	1637h	1237h	1237h	1637h	638h
PP mode (1)	6040	Create a communication	00h	06h	07h	0fh	2fh	3fh	13fh	Over- voltage
	6041	OP state, setting motion	650h	631h	633h	8637h	8637h	1237h	737h	638h

Table 6.5: State transition of each mode control operation



		parameters								
PV mode (3)	6040	Create a communication OP state,	00h	06h	07h	0fh	Immediate operation after enabling	Change the speed	10fh	Over- voltage
	6041	setting motion parameters	650h	631h	633h	637h	637h	237h->637 h	737h	638h
НМ	6040	Create a communication OP state.	00h	06h	07h	0fh	1fh	Error / Completio n	11fh	Over- voltage
mode (6)	6041	OP state, setting motion parameters	650h	631h	633h	8737h	237h	2637h / 1637h	737h	638h

Additional information on other bits:

• When the PP mode changes the position, it needs to give the bit5 rising edge of the control word to start the new position motion.



6.3 Touch Probe

Touch probe function is to capture and record the actual position of the motor by using the input signal with the touch probe function. The 2CS3E driver has two inputs I/O signals to support the probe function and can be enabled at the same time. The probe function related object dictionaries are shown in Table 6.6.

Index		Bit Definition									
	7-6	5		4	3-2	1	0				
60B8h	-	Touch Probe 1 trigger	falling edge	Touch Probe 1 rising edge trigger	- Touch Probe 1 mod		Touch Probe 1 enable				
001001	15-14	13		12	11-10	9	8				
	-	Touch Probe 2 trigger	falling edge	Touch Probe 2 rising edge trigger	-	Touch Probe 2 mode	Touch Probe 2 enable				
	7	6	5-3	2	1	()				
60B9h	Actual level of touch probe 2	Actual level of Touch Probe 1		Touch Probe 1 falling edge Touch Pr trigger complete Trigger cor		be 1 rising edge	Fouch Probe 1 action				
	15-11			10	9		3				
	-			Touch Probe 2 falling edge trigger complete Touch Probe 2 rising edge trigger complete Touch Probe							
60BAh	Touch Probe 1 r	ising edge captur	e data value	register							
60BBh	Touch Probe 1 fa	alling edge captu	re data value	register							
60BCh	Touch Probe 2 r	ising edge captur	e data value	register							
60BDh	Touch Probe 2 fa	alling edge captu	re data value								
60FDh	The state of bit2	6 is bit 1 and bit	2 AND logic	of Object (60B9h); The state of	bit27 is bit 9 a	and bit 10 AND logic of	Object (60B9h)				
2152h	It can be configu	ired as probe 1 or	probe 2 by	writing its sub-indexes 01h and 0	02h to 17 or 18	3.					

Table 6.6: Related Object Dictionaries of Touch Probe

Additional information on other bits:

- The bit0 and bit8 of Object (60B8h): start/stop control bit of Touch Probe 1 and Touch Probe 2 respectively, and the rising edge is effective.
- The bit1 and bit9 of Object (60Bh): Touch Probe modes are divided into single mode and continuous mode.
 - Single mode: After a Touch Probe is activated, it is captured only under the first trigger signal. In order to capture the new position value again, the bit0 /bit8 of the Object (60B8h) must be given a rising edge signal to restart the probe action.
 - Continuous mode: After a Touch Probe is activated, the capture action is carried out under each trigger signal.



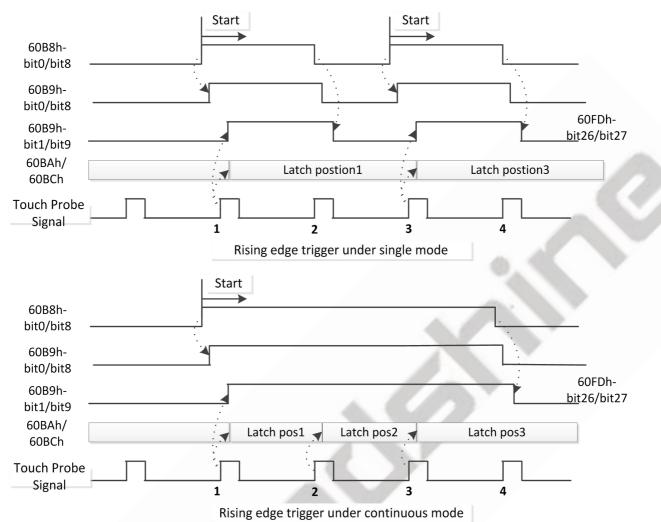


Figure 6.1: Touch Probe Mode



Appendix A: Homing Methods

The 2CS3E series drives support homing method -1, -2, 1 - 14, 17 - 34, and method 35 & 37. Specific definition and the process of homing methods described below.

Z Signal: Index signal, Bit31 of Object 60FDh set to 1;

Stalling Signal: After the motor is stalled, if the position error is greater than the value of Object 22EFh (Axis-1 default =

2000), the stalling signal is triggered (bit1 of Object 5000+04h set to 1);

Zero Position: a fixed position on the machine can correspond to a definite digital input signal, or to a Z signal **Zero Point of Machine:** mechanical absolute zero position

Home offset: difference between zero position and zero point of machine, the value of Object 607Ch (Axis-1 default =

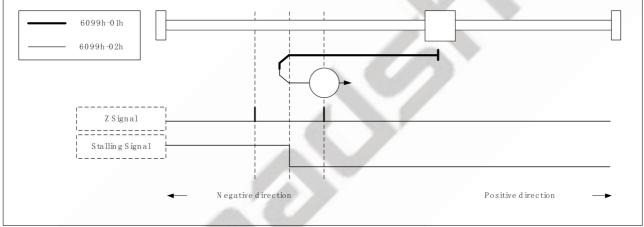
0), Zero position= zero point + home offset

Home Switch: homing switch input signal Negative Limit: negative limit switch input signal

Positive Limit: negative limit switch input signal

• Method -1 requires Z signal and Stalling Signal.

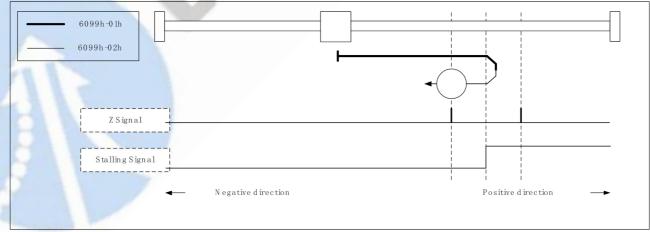
During the motor running in negative direction, when reaching the stalling signal, it will slow down and stop, then run in reverse, at last stops immediately when reaching the first Z signal. (Z signal as the zero position)



Method -1

• Method -2 requires Z signal and Stalling Signal.

During the motor running in positive direction, when reaching the stalling signal, it will slow down and stop, then run in reverse, at last stops immediately when reaching the first Z signal. (Z signal as the zero position)

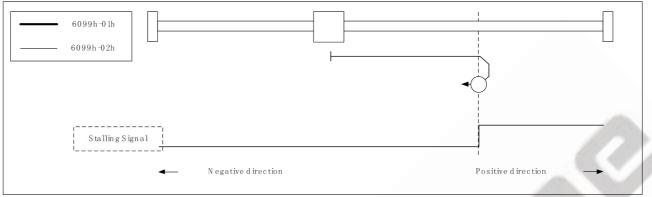


Method -2

• Method -3 requires Stalling Signal. During the motor running in positive direction, when reaching the stalling signal, it will slow down and stop, then run in



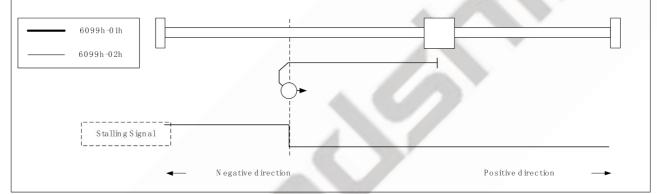
reverse, at last stops. (stop position as the zero position)



Method -3

Method -4 requires Stalling Signal.

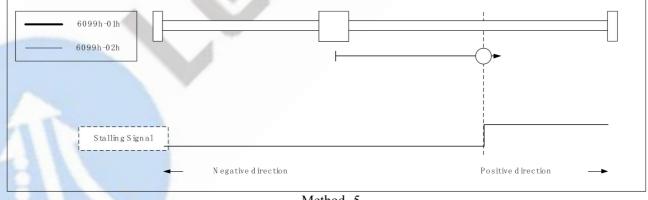
During the motor running in negative direction, when reaching the stalling signal, it will slow down and stop, then run in reverse, at last stops. (stop position as the zero position)



Method -4

Method -5 requires Stalling Signal.

During the motor running in positive direction, when reaching the stalling signal, it will stop immediately. (Stalling Signal as the zero position)

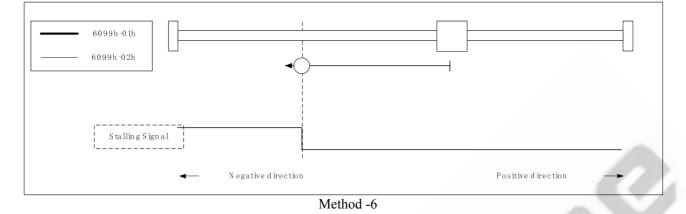


Method -5

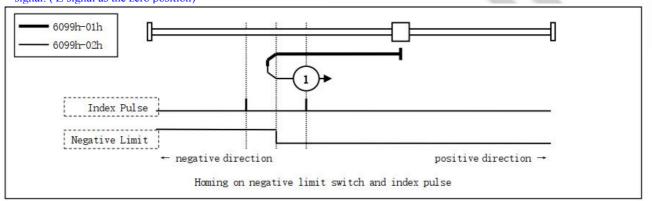
Method -6 requires Stalling Signal.

During the motor running in negative direction, when reaching the stalling signal, it will stop immediately. (Stalling Signal as the zero position)





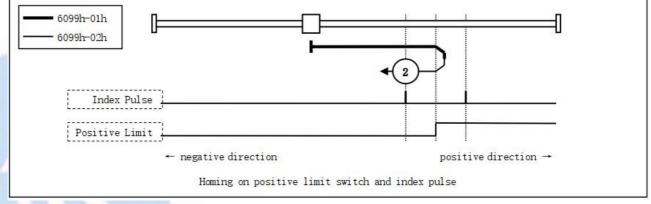
Method 1 requires Z signal and Negative Limit. The load is located on the right side of the negative limit switch, and the motor running in negative direction. When reaching the negative limit signal, it will slow down and stop, then run in reverse, at last stops immediately when reaching the first Z signal. (Z signal as the zero position)



Method 1

• Method 2 requires Z signal and Negative Limit.

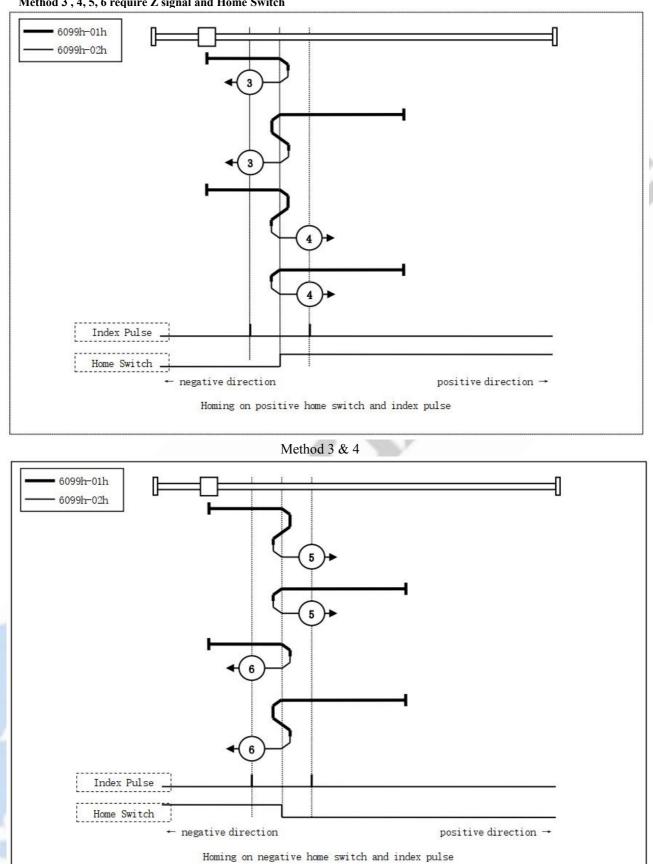
The load is located on the left side of the positive limit switch, and the motor running in positive direction. When reaching the positive limit signal, it will slow down and stop, then run in reverse, at last stops immediately when reaching the first Z signal. (Z signal as the zero position)



Method 2



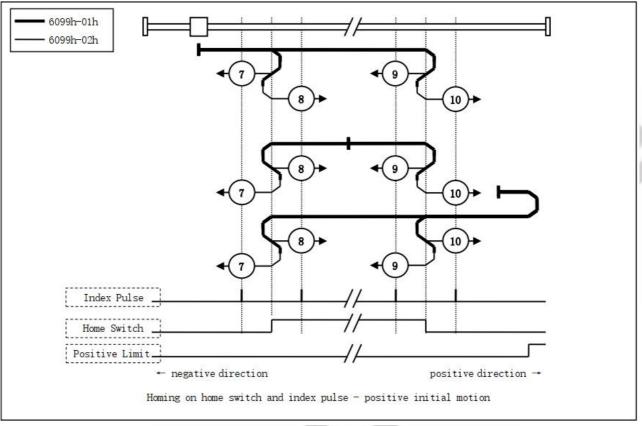
Method 3, 4, 5, 6 require Z signal and Home Switch



Method 5 & 6

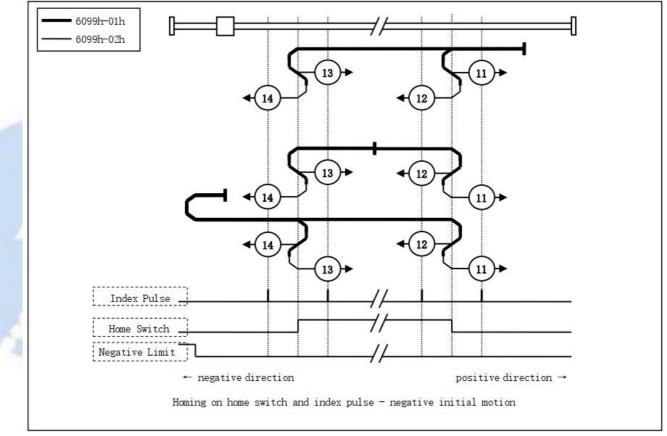


• Method 7, 8, 9, 10 require Z signal, Home Switch or Positive Limit



Method 7, 8, 9, 10

• Method 11, 12, 13, 14 require Z signal, Home Switch or Negative Limit

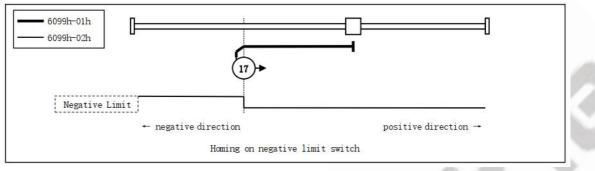


Method 11, 12, 13, 14



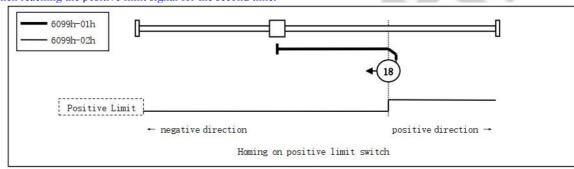
• Method 17 requires negative limit switch, and method 18 requires positive limit switch.

The load is located on the right side of the negative limit switch, and the motor running in negative direction. When the motor reaching the negative limit signal for the first time, it will slow down and stop, then run in reverse, at last stops immediately when reaching the negative limit signal for the second time.



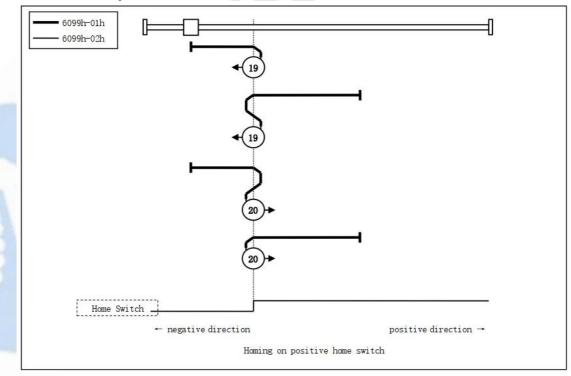


• Method 18 requires positive limit switch. The load is located on the left side of the positive limit switch, and the motor running in positive direction. When the motor reaching the positive limit signal for the first time, it will slow down and stop, then run in reverse, at last stops immediately when reaching the positive limit signal for the second time.





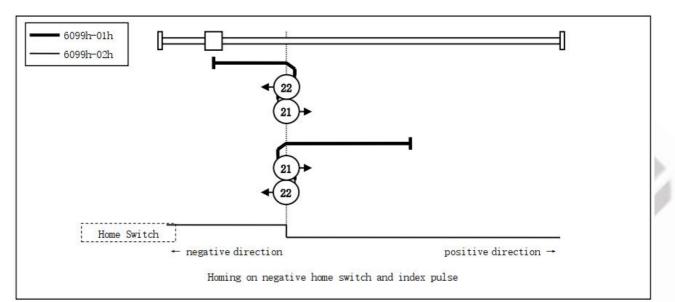
• Method 19, 20, 21, 22 require home switch





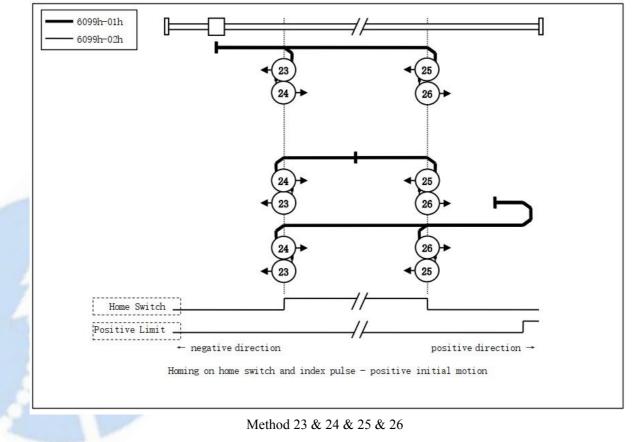
• Method 21 & 22 Description: The load is located on the home switch





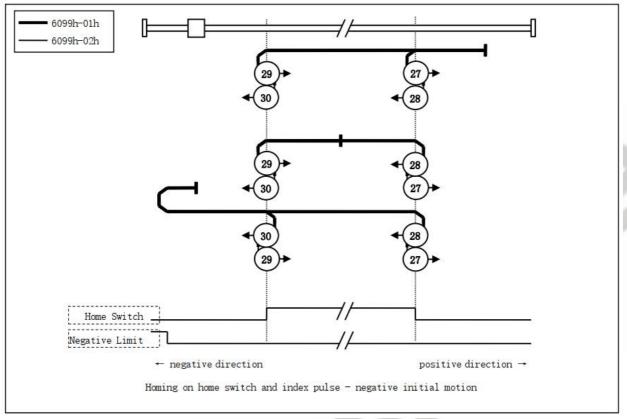
Method 21 & 22

• Method 23, 24, 25, 26 require the home switch and positive limit switch.



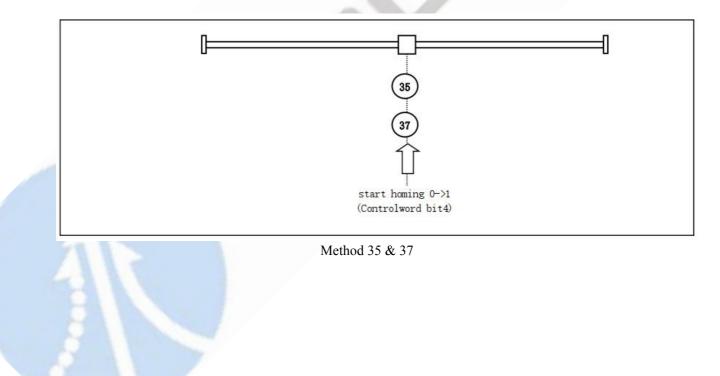
• Method 27, 28, 29, 30 require the home switch and negative limit switch.





Method 27, 28, 29, 30

• Method 35 & 37 use the current position as the zero position, preferred method 37





Appendix B: Object Dictionaries

P P		Di Osjeci Di						
Index	Sub- index	Name	Access	Туре	Range	Axis-1 default Value	Unit	Remark
1000	0	Device type	R	UINT	0-32767	0x40912	-	Refer to CIA 402 profile
1001	0	Error register	R	USINT	0-255	0		Refer to Chapter 5.1
1008	0	Device name	R	UINT	0-32767	CL3C-X	-	· /3
	00	Number of sub-index	R	UINT	0-32767	4	-	-
	01	Save all parameters	R/W	UDINT	0-0xFFFFFFFF	0	-	
1010	02	Save communication parameters	R/W	UDINT	0-0xFFFFFFFF	0	-	Need to write 0x65766173 or
	03	Save motion parameters	R/W	UDINT	0-0xFFFFFFFF	0	-	1702257011 (decimal) into sub-index. It will return 1 if save successfully
	04	Save factory parameters	R/W	UDINT	0-0xFFFFFFFF	0	-0	
	00	Number of sub-index	R	UINT	0-32767	4		
	01	Restore all parameters to Axis-1 default setting	R/W	UDINT	0-0xFFFFFFFF	0		
1011	02	Reset communication parameters to factory setting	R/W	UDINT	0-0xFFFFFFFF	0	-	Need to write 0x64616f6c or 1684107116 (decimal) into sub-index.
	03	Reset motion parameters to factory setting	R/W	UDINT	0-0xFFFFFFFFF	0	-	It will return 1 if save successfully
	04	Reset user parameters to factory setting	R/W	UDINT	0-0xFFFFFFFF	0	-	
	00	Number of sub-index	R	UINT	0-32767	4	-	-
	01	Vendor ID	R	UINT	0-32767	4321	-	Leadshine code
1018	02	Product code	R	UINT	0-32767	8X00	-	-
	03	Revision number	R	UINT	0-32767	1	-	-
	04	Series number	R	UINT	0-32767	1	-	-
	0	Number of sub-index	R/W	UINT	0-32767	3	-	Axis-1 default number of 1 st mapping object
1600	01-08	1 st RXPDO-Map object	R/W	UDINT	0-0xFFFFFFFF	-	-	Axis-1 default number of 1 st RXPDO-Map object
	0	Number of sub-index	R/W	UINT	0-32767	6	-	Axis-1 default number of 2 nd mapping object
1601	01-08	2 nd RXPDO-Map object	R/W	UDINT	0-0xFFFFFFFF	-	-	Axis-1 default number of 2 nd RXPDO-Map object
	0	Number of sub-index	R/W	UINT	0-32767	5	-	Axis-1 default number of 3 rd mapping object
1602	01-08	2 nd RXPDO-Map object	R/W	UDINT	0-0xFFFFFFFF	-	-	Axis-1 default number of 3 rd RXPDO-Map object
1.000	0	Number of sub-index	R/W	UINT	0-32767	7	-	Axis-1 default number of 4 th mapping object
1603	01-08	3 rd RXPDO-Map object	R/W	UDINT	0-0xFFFFFFFF	-	-	Axis-1 default number of 4 th RXPDO-Map object
1A00	0	Number of sub-index	R/W	UINT	0-32767	7	-	Axis-1 default number of 1st mapping object



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	01-08	1 st TXPDO-Map object	R/W	UDINT	0-0xFFFFFFFF	-	-	Axis-1 default number of 1 st TXPDO-Map object
1A01	0	Number of sub-index	R/W	UINT	0-32767	0	-	Axis-1 default number of 2 nd mapping object
TAUI	01-08	2 nd TXPDO-Map object	R/W	UDINT	0-0xFFFFFFFF	-	-	Axis-1 default number of 2 nd TXPDO-Map object
	0	Number of sub-index	R	UINT	0-32767	4	-	-
	01	Output type of email	R	UINT	0-32767	1	-	-
1C00	02	Input type of email	R	UINT	0-32767	2	-	- /2
	03	Output type of process data	R	UINT	0-32767	3	-	-
	04	Input type of process data	R	UINT	0-32767	4	-	
1C12	0-04	RXPDO assign	R/W	UINT	0-32767	1600	-	· · · · ·
1C13	0-02	TXPDO assign	R/W	UINT	0-32767	1A00	-	
1C32	0-0A	RXPDO administrative parameters	R	UINT	0-32767	-	K	-
1C33	0-0A	TXPDO administrative parameters	R	UINT	0-32767	-		

Index	Sub- index	Name	Access	Туре	Range	Axis-1 default value	Unit	Remark
2000	00	Deal a mont	DAV	DDIT	1-100	60	0.1A	Didage
2800	00	Peak current	R/W	DINT	1-100	60	0.1A	Drive's max output current.
2001	00	Microstep resolution	R/W	DINT	200-51200	10000	Pulse	Required number of pulse to rotate 1 revolution of motor.
2801	00	Ĩ						But it is recommended to modify via 6092+01
2010	01	Internal filtering time	R/W	UINT	0-32767	100	0.1ms	Internal smoothing time for control
2810	01		10 10	UNVI	0-52101	100	0.1113	command.
2012	00	Soft-starting time	R/W	UINT	10-3000	1	ms	Internal smoothing time for starting
2812	00					_		current.
2013	00	Auto-tuning at power on	R/W	UINT	0-2	1		1: Yes. 0: No
2813	00	5						
2019	01	In-position pulse	R/W	UINT	0-1	1		0: With compensation, the value of 6064 = 607A in position;
2819	01	compensation	IV W	UIVI	0-1	1		1: Without compensation
2019	02	Terrer de la companya						0: Not allowed in-position signal output when disabled;
2819	02	In-position mode at disabled state	R/W	UINT	0-1	0		1: Allowed in-position signal output when disabled;
201A	01	Locking current	R/W	UINT	0-100	100	%	Usually keep the Axis-1 default value.
281A	01	percentage of power on	11/ 11		0-100	100	/0	Usually keep the Axis-1 default value.
201A	02	Closed loop holding	R/W	UINT	0-100	50	%	Multiply by the value of object 0x2000, the drive output current will change
281A	02	current percentage	15/ 99	UINI	0-100	50	/0	between these according to the load.
201B	00	Locking duration time	R/W	UINT	0-1500	200	ms	Appropriately reduce this value if you
281B	00	Looking duration time			0.000			want to shorten the time of locking shaft.
201C	00	Max time to close brake	R/W	UINT	100-10000	1000	ms	Usually keep the Axis-1 default value
281C	00							



201D																																																					
	00																																																				
281D	00	Zero speed point	R/W	UINT	0-500	10	0.1r/s	-																																													
-																																																					
2024	00	Control Mode	R/W	UINT	0~10	2		0: Open Loop Control;																																													
2824	00		10, 11		0-10	Ĺ		2: Closed Loop Control																																													
2025	01	Speed point for open																																																			
2825	01	loop switching closed	R/W	UINT	0~200	18	0.1r/s	-																																													
2025	02	loop Delay for open loop																																																			
2825	02	switching closed loop	R/W	UINT	0~32767	12	ms	-																																													
2025	03	Speed point for closed	R/W	UINT	0.200	5	0.1r/s	(da)																																													
2825	03	loop switching open loop	K/W	UINT	0~200	3	0.11/5	-																																													
2025	04	Delay for closed loop	R/W	UINT	0~32767	250	ms	-																																													
2825 2025	04	switching open loop Feedback speed point for																																																			
		closed loop switching	R/W	UINT	0~200	50	0.1r/s	-																																													
2825	05	open loop																																																			
2029	00							4 times the encoder resolution.																																													
2020		Encoder resolution	R/W	UINT	4000-20000	4000	Count	But it is recommended to modify by																																													
2829	00							0x608F+01																																													
2030	00	Allowed max position	DAV	LIDIT	0.227/7	4000	<u> </u>																																														
2830	00	following error pulses	R/W	UINT	0~32767	4000	Count	4000 indicates the error of one turn																																													
2032	00	Distance to send "In	R/W	UINT	0-1000	4	Pulse																																														
2832	00	Position" output signal		0	0 1000		. uise																																														
2033 2833	00	Delay of in-position error de-jitter	R/W	UINT	0-1000	3	ms	-																																													
2047	00	Over voltage point	R	UINT	0-1000	75	v																																														
2847	00	Sver voltage pollit	IX I	CIN	0-1000	15																																															
2048	00							Y																																													
2048	00	Bus-voltage	R	UINT	0-65535	-	V	7-																																													
2848	00																																																				
2051	00							0: CCW direction																																													
		Motor running direction	R/W	DINT	0-1	0	/	1: CW direction																																													
2851	00				and a second			But it is recommended to modify by 0x607E																																													
								Bit setting:																																													
2056	00				Co. Tour			=1: Yes; =0: No																																													
						r		Bit0: over-current (invalid)																																													
		Alarm detection selection	R/W	DINT	0~65535	65535		Bit1: over-voltage																																													
				DIN																																																	
2856	00			DIVI	0.77			Bit2: Position following error																																													
2856	00			Divi				Bit3: Encoder wiring error																																													
								Bit3: Encoder wiring error Bit4: over speed alarm																																													
2057	00	Reset alarm	R/W	UINT	0~65535	0		Bit3: Encoder wiring error																																													
2057		Reset alarm	R/W	K		0		Bit3: Encoder wiring error Bit4: over speed alarm Write value 1 to clear the alarm. But it is																																													
2057 2857 2090	00 00 01			UINT	0~65535	0		Bit3: Encoder wiring error Bit4: over speed alarm Write value 1 to clear the alarm. But it is recommended to write value 128(Decimal)																																													
2057 2857 2090 2890	00 00 01 01	Reset alarm Current loop Kp	R/W R/W	K		1500		Bit3: Encoder wiring error Bit4: over speed alarm Write value 1 to clear the alarm. But it is recommended to write value 128(Decimal) to 0x6040																																													
2057 2857 2090 2890 2090	00 00 01 01 02			UINT	0~65535			Bit3: Encoder wiring error Bit4: over speed alarm Write value 1 to clear the alarm. But it is recommended to write value 128(Decimal) to 0x6040																																													
2057 2857 2090 2890 2090 2890 2890	00 00 01 01 02 02	Current loop Kp Current loop Ki	R/W R/W	UINT DINT DINT	0~65535 0~32767 0~32767	1500 300		Bit3: Encoder wiring error Bit4: over speed alarm Write value 1 to clear the alarm. But it is recommended to write value 128(Decimal) to 0x6040 																																													
2057 2857 2090 2890 2090 2890 2890 2090	00 00 01 01 02	Current loop Kp	R/W	UINT DINT	0~65535 0~32767	1500		Bit3: Encoder wiring error Bit4: over speed alarm Write value 1 to clear the alarm. But it is recommended to write value 128(Decimal) to 0x6040																																													
2057 2857 2090 2890 2090 2890 2090 2890 2890 2890	00 00 01 02 02 03 03 01	Current loop Kp Current loop Ki Current loop Kc	R/W R/W R/W	UINT DINT DINT DINT	0~65535 0~32767 0~32767 0~32767	1500 300 300		Bit3: Encoder wiring error Bit4: over speed alarm Write value 1 to clear the alarm. But it is recommended to write value 128(Decimal) to 0x6040 																																													
2057 2857 2090 2890 2090 2890 2090 2890 2890 2091 2891	00 00 01 01 02 02 03 03 01 01	Current loop Kp Current loop Ki	R/W R/W	UINT DINT DINT	0~65535 0~32767 0~32767	1500 300		Bit3: Encoder wiring error Bit4: over speed alarm Write value 1 to clear the alarm. But it is recommended to write value 128(Decimal) to 0x6040 																																													
2057 2857 2090 2890 2090 2890 2090 2890 2090 2890 2091 2891 2091	00 00 01 02 02 03 03 01 01 02	Current loop Kp Current loop Ki Current loop Kc Speed Loop Kp	R/W R/W R/W	UINT DINT DINT DINT UINT	0~65535 0~32767 0~32767 0~32767 0~10000	1500 300 300 25		Bit3: Encoder wiring error Bit4: over speed alarm Write value 1 to clear the alarm. But it is recommended to write value 128(Decimal) to 0x6040 																																													
2057 2857 2090 2890 2090 2890 2090 2890 2091 2891 2091 2891	00 00 01 01 02 02 03 03 01 01 01 02 02	Current loop Kp Current loop Ki Current loop Kc	R/W R/W R/W	UINT DINT DINT DINT	0~65535 0~32767 0~32767 0~32767	1500 300 300	 	Bit3: Encoder wiring error Bit4: over speed alarm Write value 1 to clear the alarm. But it is recommended to write value 128(Decimal) to 0x6040 																																													
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2

	01	Control software version	R	UINT				
3100	02	Firmware version	R	UINT				
	03	EtherNet/IP protocol version	R	UINT				
3FFE	01-0B							0x3FFE+01 is the current error code
47FE	01-0B	Alarm record	R	USINT	0~32767			(current alarm) or the most recent error code (currently no alarm); 0x3FFE+02-0E are followed by the historical error code.
4003 4803	01	Delay of closing brake	R/W	UINT	0-1500	250	ms	
4003	02	Delay of loosening						
4803	02	brake	R/W	UINT	0-1500	250	ms	
4003	03	Man an and to place busine	DAV	LUNIT	0.500	10	0.1=/2	
4803	03	Max speed to close brake	R/W	UINT	0-500	10	0.1r/s	
5000 5800	03	Internal enable state	R	UINT	0~32767			0: Disabled 1: Enabled
5000	04						10 A	Bit0=0: Not reach Bit0=1: Reach
5800	04	Reach the target state	R	UINT	0~32767			Bit1=0: No stall Bit1=1: Stalled
5002	01						6	Write 0, return the ID data in ESC to 0x5002-02;
5802	01	ESC ID	R/W	UINT	0~32767	0		Write 0x12, return the current ID setting by DIP switches
5002 5802	02 02	ESC data	R	UINT	0~32767	408	-	Return Node ID data
5004	0F							Bit0 =1: RPDO mapping can't be written by SDO; Bit0 =0: RPDO mapping can be written by SDO;
5804	0F	Sync0 Synchronization interface parameters	R/W	UINT	0~32767	-		Bit1=1: Detect the number of PDO mapping; Bit1=1: Don't detect the number of PDO mapping; Bit2=1: Send 0xF directly to enable; Bit2=0: Send 0xF can't be enabled.
5005 5805	00	DC compensation base value	R/W	UINT	0~32767	500		
5006	00	Synchronization error	R/W	UINT	0~32767	0		
5806 5011	00 00	detection Internal actual location	R	UDINT	0~32767			
5811 5012	00 01							
5812 5012	01 02	Homing arrival position	R/W	DINT	0~32767	0		
5812	02	Homing trigger position	R/W	DINT	0~32767	0		
5012	03							When 0x225C=4, activate the virtual input function; 60FD different bits, corresponding to different virtual inputs; Inputs Bit of 60FD Probe Bit 26=1 signal 1 Bit 26=1
5812	03	Homing virtual input	R/W	UDINT	0~32767	0		Signal 1 Bit 2=1 Home Bit 2=1 switch Bit 1=1 limit Bit 0=1 limit Bit 31=1 (index signal) Bit 31=1 For example: 0x225C=4 and start homing, set 0x5012-03=4, Home switch input; set 0x5012-03=2, Positive limit input; set 0x5012-03=2, Positive limit input; set
5012	04	Homing setting	R/W	UINT	0~32767	5		0x5012-03=2, Negative limit input, set 0x5012-03=2, Negative limit input Bit0=0: Homing protection is not turned on; Bit0=1: Homing protection is turned on; (Homing protection: when start homing, If the limit signal takes effect, bit0=0 means homing normally, bit0=1 means stop



								homing as limit protection)
5812	04							Bit2=0: The value of current position after in position = 0x607C; Bit2=1: The value of 0x607C is used as the motion offset, and finally 0x6064 = 0; Bit3=0: 0x6064 = 0x607C after in position; Bit3=1: 0x6064 = 0x607C after in position;
5400	01	Minimum	R/W	UINT	250~2000	250		
5C00	01	synchronization period	K/W	UINT	230~2000	230	us	
5400	02	Maximum	R/W	UINT	250~20000	10000	us	
5C00	02	synchronization period	IC/ W	UINI	230~20000	10000	us	
5503	04							Bit0 = 0: Asynchronous mode, the host
5D03	04	Special function register	R/W	UINT	0~65535	2		will track 0x607A-00 in real time; Bit0=1: Asynchronous mode, the host does not track 0x607A-00in real time.

Index	Sub- index	Name	Access	Туре	Range	Axis-1 default value	Unit	Remark
2152	01	Input1 function	R/W	DINT	0-65535	0x17 (Decimal		Axis-1 default is touch probe1, take
2952	01	inputi function	K/ W	DINI	0-05555	(Deciliar 23)		effect changes need restart power
2152	02	Innut? function	R/W	DINT	0-65535	0x18		Axis-1 default is HOME, take effect
2952	02	Input2 function	K/W	DINI	0-65535	(Decimal 24)	-	changes need restart power
2152	03	Jan 12 Carolina	DAV	DDIT	0.65525	0x16		Axis-1 default is POT, take effect
2952	03	Input3 function	R/W	DINT	0-65535	(Decimal 22)	-	changes need restart power
2152	04		DAU	DDIT	0.65525	0x01	5	Axis-1 default is NOT, take effect
2952	04	Input4 function	R/W	DINT	0-65535	(Decimal 1)		changes need restart power
2156	01	O to the function	DAV	DNIT	0.65525	0.01		Axis-1 default is alarm output, take
2956	01	Output1 function	R/W	DINT	0-65535	0x01		effect changes need restart power
2156	02	O ta t 2 f action	DAV	DDIT	0.65525	0.04		Axis-1 default is brake output, take
2956	02	Output2 function	R/W	DINT	0-65535	0x04		effect changes need restart power

Index	Name	Access	Туре	Range	Axis-1 default value	Unit	Remark
603F	- Error code	R	UINT	0-65535	0		Refer to chapter 5.2
683F	Ellor code	ĸ	UINI	0-05555	0		Kelel to chapter 5.2
6040	Control word	R/W	UINT	0-65535	0		Refer to chapter 6.1
6840	Control word	IC/ W		0-05555	0		
6041	- Status word	R	UINT	0-65535	0		Refer to chapter 6.1
6841	Status word	ĸ	UINT	0-05555	0		Kerer to chapter 0.1
							0: After stopping immediately, switch on disable state;
605A			0				1: After decelerating to stops at a speed value of 0x6084, switch on disable state;
							2: After decelerating to stops at a speed value of 0x6085, switch on disable state;
	Quick stop	R/W	UINT	0-65535	6		3: After decelerating to stops at a speed value of 0x60C6, switch on disable stat;
	type selection	K/W	UINI	0-65535	6		4: After stopping immediately, switch on quick stop state;
685A							5: After decelerating to stops at a speed value of 0x6084, switch on quick stop state;
							6: After decelerating to stops at a speed value of 0x6085, switch on quick stop state;
							7: After decelerating to stops at a speed value of 0x60C6, switch on quick stop stat;
605D							1: After decelerating to stops at a speed value of 0x6084, keep operation enable state;
	Asynchronous mode halt	R/W	INT	0~65535	1		2: After decelerating to stops at a speed value of 0x6085, keep operation enable state;
685D	selection						3: After decelerating to stops at a speed value of 0x60C6, keep operation enable state;
							4: After stopping immediately, keep operation enable state.



6060							1: PP mode,
6060	Operation	R/W	USINT	0-255	8		3: PV mode,
6860	mode						6: Home mode,
6061	Operation	_			_		
6861	mode display	R	USINT	0-255	8		-
6062	Desidien			-2147483648			
6862	Position command	R	DINT	~2147483647	0	Pulse	-
6064	Position actual value	R	DINT	-2147483648 ~2147483647	0	Pulse	-
6864				~214/48304/			
6067	Distance to send "In	R/W	UDIT	0-1000	4	D las	It is recommended to use this object in preference, Can
6867	Position" output signal	K/W	UINT	0-1000	4	Pulse	also set by 0x2032,
606B				2147492649			
686B	Velocity command	R	DINT	-2147483648 ~2147483647	0	P/s	-
506C	Velocity actual	R	DINT	-2147483648	0	P/S	
586C	value			-2147483647			
507A	Townstration	DAV	DDIT	-2147483648		D	The device of DD and
587A	Target position	R/W	DINT	~2147483647	0	Р	Target position under PP mode
507C							The value of difference between zero position and
	** ~~			-2147483648			mechanical zero point under Homing mode . If the value is set to10000, it means that at homing mode
687C	Home offset	R/W	DINT	~2147483647	0	Р	19, the motor reaches the Home switch and stops
0070							immediately, then reverses at low speed until it leaves the Home switch, at last stops at a distance of 10000P.
507D+01	Software			-2147483648			New target positions are checked against these limits. The
587D+01	negative limit	R/W	DINT	~2147483647	0	Р	limits are relative to the machine home position, which is the result of homing. As Axis-1 default the software
507D+02	Software			-2147483648		-	position limits are switched off. Changed values must be
687D+02	positive limit	R/W	DINT	~2147483647	0	Р	saved and the drive must be restarted to take enable the new the software limits.
607E	Motor	R/W	USINT	0~255	0		Need to set 0x225C first
587E	direction		0.0111				
50FF	Target velocity	R/W	DINT	-2147483648	0	P/S	Profile velocity under PV mode
68FF				~2147483647			
5080	Max velocity	R/W	UDINT	-2147483648	3000	rpm	-
5880	limit	10 10	ODIN	~2147483647	5000	ipin	
6081	Max profile			-2147483648			
5881	velocity	R/W	DINT	~2147483647	50000		Max. Allowable velocity under PP mode
5082				2147402640			
	Start velocity	R/W	DINT	-2147483648 ~2147483647	0		Start velocity under PP mode
6882				~214/483047			
6083	Profile	R/W	DINT	-2147483648	4000	P/S^2	Acceleration under PP and PV mode
6883	acceleration			~2147483647			
6084	Profile			-2147483648			
6884	deceleration	R/W	DINT	~2147483647	4000	P/S^2	Deceleration under PP and PV mode
6085	0.11		3.1	21/7/02/10			
	Quick stop deceleration	R/W	DINT	-2147483648 ~2147483647	40000000	P/S^2	Deceleration of quick stop under PP, PV and Home mode
5885				211/10/01/			
508F+01	Encoder	R/W	UINT	4000-20000	4000	Count	It is recommended to use this object in preference, can
588F+01	resolution						also set by 0x2029,
6092+01	Microstep	DAV	DB/T	200 51200	10000		It is recommended to use this object in preference, can also
5892+01	resolution	R/W	DINT	200-51200	10000	Pulse	be modified via 0x2001,
5098							
	Homing method	R/W	USINT	1-100	19	-	Methods of searching zero position under homing mode, refer to Appendix A
5898							**
(000 ± 01)	Fast homing	R/W	DINT	-2147483648	50000	P/S	Speed during search for limit switch signal
6099+01	.1			0147400(47	1	1	
6099+01 6899+01	velocity			~2147483647			



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6899+02	velocity			~2147483647			
607C	Home offeret	R/W	DNIT	-2147483648	0	Р	The value of difference between zero position and
687C	Home offset	K/W	DINT	~2147483647	0	P	mechanical zero point under Homing mode
609A	Homing	R/W	USINT	-2147483648	25000	P/S^2	Acc / Dec velocity under Home mode
689A	acceleration	10 W	051111	~2147483647	23000	1/5 2	Act / Det velocity under Home mode
60B0	Position offset	R/W	DINT	-2147483648	0	Р	Position offset under PP mode
68B0	r osition onset	10 10	DIN	~2147483647	0	1	
60B8	Touch probe	R/W	UINT	0-65535	0	_	Set touch probe function, refer to chapter 6.3
68B8	control word	10 11	0				
60B9	Touch probe	R	UINT	0-65535	0	_	Status of touch probe 1/2, refer to chapter 6.3
68B9	statue word						
60BA	Touch probe 1	R	DINT	-2147483648	0	Р	Data value sensed by touch probe 1 at rising edge
68BA	positive value			~2147483647			r in a construction of the
60BB	Touch probe 1	R	DINT	-2147483648	0	Р	Data value sensed by touch probe 1 at falling edge
68BB	negative value			~2147483647			
60BC	Touch probe 2	R	DINT	-2147483648	0	Р	Data value sensed by touch probe 2 at rising edge
68BC	positive value			~2147483647			
60BD	Touch probe 2	R	DINT	-2147483648	0	Р	Data value sensed by touch probe 2 at falling edge
68BD	negative value			~2147483647			
60C2+01	Interpolation time period	R/W	USINT	0-255	2		
68C2+01	value						Only for internal tuning.
60C2+02	Interpolation	R/W	SINT	-128-127	0		
68C2+02	time unit				100		Y
60D5	Touch probe 1 rising edge	R	UINT	0-65535	0		Frequency for capture of touch probe 1 rising edge
68D5	counter					1	
60D6	Touch probe 1 falling edge	R	UINT	0-65535	0		Frequency for capture of touch probe 1 falling edge
68D6	counter	к	onvi	0.00000			requency for cupture of todon proof 1 mining cugo
60D7	Touch probe2	R	UINT	0-65535	0		Frequency for capture of touch probe 2 rising edge
68D7	rising edge counter	ĸ	UINI	0-05555	0		Frequency for capture of touch probe 2 fising edge
60D8	Touch probe 2		LUD IT	0 (5505			
68D8	falling edge counter	R	UINT	0-65535	0		Frequency for capture of touch probe 2 falling edge
60FD	Digital input	D	UDDIT	0. 1001067005	0		
68FD	statue	R	UDINT	0- 4294967296	0		Statue of digital input signals, refer to chapter 4.3.1
60FE+01	Open physical	DAV	UDBIT	0 42040(720)	0		
68FE+01	output	R/W	UDINT	0- 4294967296	0		Able to control user output through this object, refer to
60FE+02	Enable	D/W	UDBIT	0 42040(720)	0		chapter 4.3.4
68FE+02	physical output	R/W	UDINT	0- 4294967296	0		



Appendix C: Connectors

Pic	Description	Brand&Specification	Model	Number	Package Inside
		MOLEX 2PIN, 13A	39012020	1	No
	Power&Motor Connector for 2CS3E-D503,	MOLEX 4PIN, 13A	39012040	1	No
And the second second	2CS3E-D503, 2CS3E-D507	MOLEX	39000038	4	No
	Power&Motor	DEGSON 2PIN, 5.0mm	2EDGK-5.0-02P-13-1000AH	1	Yes
	Connector for 2CS3E-D1008	DEGSON 4PIN, 5.0mm	2EDGK-5.0-04P-13-1000AH	. 1	Yes
	Encoder Connector	MOLEX	513531200	1	No
And the second s		MOLEX	561349000	8	No
	I/O Connector	ANYTEK 2*11PIN, 3.5mm	NL22100200G0G	1	Yes

Note: For 2CS3E Series drives, motor connector and encoder connector are on the extension cable



Appendix D: FAQs

• Communicate errors.

► If it is the first time to use this EtherCAT drive, check whether the version of XML file is correct. Most masters support scanning slave, it is recommended to create configuration in scanning way.

- ► Some masters require the connection of the network cable according to the ECAT IN and ECAT OUT.
- ► Check whether the PDO synchronization period set by master and slave is the same.

► The PDO synchronization period (Ethercat communication period) not supported by 2CS3E, such as 1.1ms, 0.9ms, etc. The common PDO synchronization period is 250us/500us/ 1ms/2ms/4ms, etc.

► Some masters require DIP switches to be set to the same node ID as the configuration setting.

► The network cable is faulty or has poor contact, replace the cable. Or check the problem by swapping it with the network cable on a normally connected node.

► The EtherCAT drive is faulty, replace the cable. Or check the problem by swapping it with a normally worked drive.

• Drive cannot be enabled

► Check the status of the drive. Under normal conditions, the PWR green light of the driver is on for a long time and the ALM red light is off. the L/A green light of the ECAT IN and ECAT OUT network ports blinks rapidly, the run green light is on for a long time and the Err red light is off.

- ▶ PDO configuration or PDO mapping error. It needs to configure PDO or PDO mapping correctly.
- ► Check if the value of object 0x6040 is 16#F and if bit0~bit3 of object 0x6041 is 0111.
- Check the master for warnings or errors. Clear the master station alarm or warning.

► If the master station shows enable complete, but the motor is not enabled. Check whether the motor wire is connected wrongly or disconnected. Or check if the output current of drive is set correctly.

• Alarm when send instruction to slave

► Check the drive for alarms. Check if the drive ALM red light and ERR red light are flashing, if there is an alarm, check the drive instruction manual and locate the problem according to the alarm instructions.

▶ The operation mode is not correct. Check if object 0x6060 is 8 (CSP mode).

▶ PDO configuration exception. Some masters need to check if the slave's object 0x6061 returns the correct value. If 0x6061 is not configured, the slave may not work or the master may alarm.

► The limit switch is activated. Check that the limit switch input is the same as the logic set by the master. Is the polarity of the slave input port the same as the limit switch used. The limit switch is not damaged. Whether the wiring between the limit switch and the slave is correct. The bit bit of object 0x60FD is mapped incorrectly with the master.

• Motor does not turn

 \blacktriangleright The controller instruction is not sent to the driver. Check if the value of 0x607A (Target position) has changed, if not, then maybe the program has an exception.

► Limit switch is activated. Check if the limit switch logic status is consistent with the set by the master. Or whether the polarity of the slave input port is consistent with the limit switch. Or whether the limit switch is damaged. Or whether the wiring between the limit switch and the slave is correct. Or the mapping between the bit of 0x60FD and the master is wrong.

► The control instruction is normal, but the motor does not turn. It may be that the output current setting is too small. Or the load is too heavy. Or the starting speed is too large. Or the acceleration time is too short. Or the motor is damaged. All of the above can be tested by letting the motor unload and setting the motor speed to 60rpm with acceleration time 200ms to check the problem.

Homing Error





▶ Wrong homing method. There are three modes of homing, when using the master homing mode, the operation mode object 0x6060 = 8; when using the slave homing mode, the 0x6060 = 6; when using the master-slave combination homing method, the 0x6060 value is first 8 and then 6. Please check master manufacturer for Axis-1 default homing mode, and then check the selected homing method, the relevant parameters are correct, and the limit switch needed in the selected homing method is normal.

► Stop on the limit switch and keep processing Busy state. Some master stations are master-slave combination homing mode (Panasonic and Keyence), the 0x6060 value is first 8 and then 6. If there is no configuration 0x6060 in PDO or wrong configuration, then will cause homing error.

• Occasional dropouts during operation

► Always a certain drive dropouts. Maybe network cable problem: Poor contact between network cable and drive interface. Or the OUT port of the last drive has a problem. Or the drive itself has problem. All of the above can be tested by swapping the drive or swapping the network cable.

► Random drive dropouts. Interference problem: Poor quality of network cable, it is recommended to use a Category 5 Fast Ethernet cable or above, industrial grade network cable with twisted pair shielding. Ensure that the equipment is well grounded. When laying out the electrical cabinet, strong and weak power need to be separated. Keep away from high power strong interference devices such as plasma generators, laser generators, VFD etc.

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Motion Control Products Ltd. 11-15 Francis Avenue, Bournemouth Dorset, UK, BH11 8NX Tel.: +44 (0)1202 599922 enquiries@motioncontrolproducts.com www.motioncontrolproducts.com